

Shire of Trayning



ANNUAL REPORT 2015 / 2016

Adopted by Resolution of Council 14th December 2016

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION 1 — GENERAL

General Information	2
Shire President's Report	3-4
CEO's Report	5-7
Works Supervisors Report	8-9
Natural Resource Management	10-11
Councilors and Meetings	12
Council Staff	13
How Your Council Works	14-16
Plan for the Future	17
Disability Services Plan	18
Record Keeping Plan	19
National Competition Policy	20
Freedom of Information.	21
Other Statutory Requirements	22
CECTION 2 FINANCIAL	
SECTION 2 — FINANCIAL	2
Statement by Chief Executive Officer	
Statement of Comprehensive Income by Nature or Type	
Statement of Comprehensive Income by Program	
Statement of Financial Position.	
Statement of Changes in Equity	6
Statement of Cash Flow	7
Rate Setting Statement	8
Notes to and Forming Part of the Financial Report	9-53
Independent Audit Report	54-55
Supplementary Ration Information	56



GENERAL INFORMATION

Administration Office

 Address
 Postal Address
 Telephone (08) 9683 1001

 Railway Street,
 PO Box 95
 Fax (08) 9683 1040

Trayning, WA 6488 Trayning WA 6488

E-mail: admin@trayning.wa.gov.au Office hours:

Website: www.trayning.wa.gov.au Mon to Fri 8.30 am - 4.30 pm

Other

Towns: Trayning, Kununoppin, Yelbeni

Area: 1,632 sq kms

Distance from Perth: 235 km

Population: 467

Number of Electors: 341

Number of Dwellings: 255

Total Rates Levied: \$ 933,534

Total Revenue: \$3,749,756

Number of Employees: 18 (16 FTE)



Significant Local Events

New Years Eve Community Party, Australia Day Community BBQ at the Trayning Aquatic Centre, Tractor Mudbog and Burnout Competition.

Tourist Attractions

Billyacatting Hill Conservation Park with fauna, reptiles, wildflowers, rare flora and bird watching, Gnamma Holes, Yarragin Rock (twin monoliths), Yelbeni Museum, Trayning Tree Library Walk Trail, Historic Wells and a part of the Pioneer Pathways Route.

Accommodation

Trayning Hotel/Motel, Trayning Caravan Park.

Sporting & Recreation Facilities

Ninghan Fitness Centre - Community Gym, Aquatic Centre, 4 Grass Tennis Courts, Bowls, Yelbeni Golf Course and Clubhouse with 18 holes (in recession), Swimming Club, BMX Tracks in Trayning & Kununoppin, Skate Boarding Park, Community/School Oval and excellent BBQ/Playground areas.



SHIRE PRESIDENT'S REPORT

The 2015/16 annual report has been presented to council by staff. It is my pleasure to present the annual report to the community.

The past 12 months has seen the departure of Councils Work's Supervisor, Mr Bill Mckenna and the welcoming to the Shire and the community of Mr Rob Tanner as his replacement. October saw the departure of our CEO, Ms Tanika McLennan after working for the Shire for 7yrs.

Early 2016 saw the arrival of Stephen Rowling to take up the position of CEO. After a 3month trial, Stephen departed from the CEO position. Since this time council has employed acting CEO's which has, at times, not been an ideal situation for Shire staff, Councillors or the community. Council are working together to employ a permanent CEO as soon as possible.

October 2015 was an election year for Local Government with Cr Valda Knott (2003-2015) and Cr Pace Vernon (2007-2015) deciding not to renominate, I would like to thank both departing councillors for their contribution to Council and the community during their time on council. With the departure of both of these councillors, we welcomed Cr Melanie Brown and Cr Greg Yates to Council and wish them well in there new positions. The positions of Shire President and Deputy Shire President was put to Council for a vote with myself being elected to the position of Shire President and Cr Geoff Waters being elected as Deputy President, both for a 2 year term.

I would like to thank all fellow councillors for the time and dedication they have given to the community. I would especially like to thank Deputy President Geoff Waters on his dedication to Council and his assistance to myself.

Councillors attended meetings on the third Wednesday of each month for ordinary council meetings as well as subcommittee meetings as below:

- ♦ NEWROC
- ♦ NEW Health
- ♦ NEW Travel
- ♦ Kununoppin Medical Practice
- Local emergency management committee
- ♦ WALGA Great Eastern Country Zone
- ♦ Central Eastern Aged Care Alliance
- ♦ Regional Road Group

Plus many community based groups. Councillors also attended training sessions in Kellerberrin and Perth

PROJECTS

This year has been another busy year for both office staff and outside works staff with the following projects being completed:

- Delivery of the Kununoppin Independent Living Units
- Trayning Sporting Club Refurbishment
- Road Maintenance/ Upgrades
- ♦ Fuel station
- ♦ Skate Park
- New contract for Doctor services

APPRECIATION

I would like to extend my Thanks' to our Local Volunteer Emergency Services personnel who have assisted in various fires, accidents and with storm damage. I would like to express how proud I am to be part of this community with such volunteers. Their dedication to helping others in need not just in our community but during the recent Yarloop/Harvey fires and several others they attended outside our Shire.



Cr Freda Tarr
Shire President



SHIRE PRESIDENT'S REPORT Continued

Our volunteer Ambulance drivers have had a busy year. The Shire recognised Mr Peter Geraghty for his dedication to the St Johns Ambulance Sub Centre by bestowing on him the distinction of Honorary Freeman off the Shire of Trayning.

To the staff I express my appreciation for your continued dedication and loyalty to achieving Councils objectives in a very difficult year. I look forward to continuing working with the community, councillors and staff to achieve the Shire's goals and to making this a great community to live in and be part off.

Cr Freda Tarr
SHIRE PRESIDENT



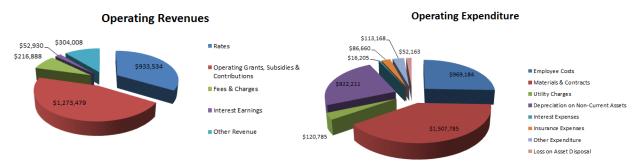
CHIEF EXEUCTIVE OFFICERS REPORT

It is with pleasure that I present my First annual Report to the residents and ratepayers of the Shire of Trayning. It is pertinent to note that this Report, which covers the period 1 July 2015 to 30 June 2016. As I commenced my tenure on 15 November 2016, the entire reporting period was under the administration of former Chief Executive Officers and Acting Chief Executive Officers.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

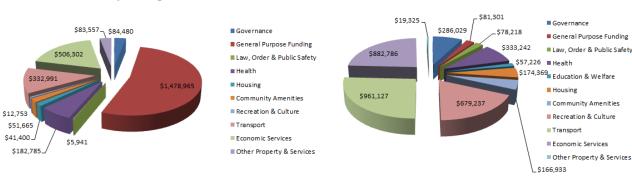
The following is an indication of operating income and expenditure for the reporting year.

By Nature or Type



By Program

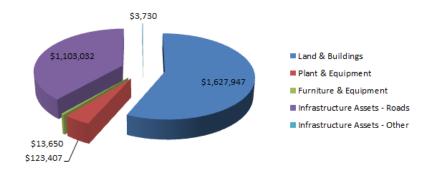
Operating Revenue



Operating Expenditure

Capital Expenditure

Capital Expenditure



It is reported that Council will end the 2015/2016 financial year with cash and cash equivalents of \$1,505,772. This amount is higher than budget expectations due the prepayment of 50% of the Federal Governments Assistance Grants and Untied Roads Grants that where disbursed by the Western Australian Local Government Grants Commission at the end of June 2015



Graham Merrick

Chief Executive Officer



CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICERS REPORT Continued

TRAYNING UNMANNED FUEL FACILITY

Work on this facility was completed in the 2015/2016 financial year at a cost of \$250,203 with an expected additional amount of \$57,000 to be incurred in the 2016/2017 financial year for sealing the driveways and surrounds to prevent the need for ongoing maintenance to the gravelled areas.

KUNUNOPPIN MEDICAL PRACTICE

With the withdrawal of Regional Health Outcomes in January 2016 from the management contract for the Kununoppin Medical Practice, Council undertook to manage the practice on behalf of the Kununoppin Medical Practice Committee members until a replacement provider could be sourced. After an exhaustive search and negotiations being commenced with suitable practitioners, Dr Brian Walker took over the management and medical services provided by the Kununoppin Practice on the 1st of July 2016. I would like to express my thanks to Mr Dirk Sellenger, then Acting Chief Executive Officer, for all of the hard work put into attaining this most satisfactory outcome.

KUNUNOPPIN INDEPENDENT LIVING UNITS

As of the 30th June 2016, work on the Independent Living Units located in Kununoppin has progressed to the point where the accommodation units are in place and much of the utilities and services have been connected. Landscaping and other final touches are yet to be completed but it is expected that these units will be available for occupation prior to December 2016.

COMMUNITY RECREATION CENTRE

Work on the Community Recreation Centre has commenced and is expected to be completed in the first quarter of the 2016/2017 Financial year. Council resolved to take out an additional \$350,000 loan to ensure that the renovations, where ever possible, where undertaken to a standard expected by all parties. Council has committed \$185,000 in funds along with a contribution by the Trayning Community Centre Planning Committee of \$90,000.

UNVEILING OF THE DR RADUNOVICH MEMORIAL BUST

The memorial bust of Dr John Redunovich was unveiled at a ceremony held in the grounds of the Kununoppin District Hospital on the 8th of June 2015. The event was well attended by both members of the Radunovich family and residents of the various communities that Dr Radunovich served.

In conclusion, on behalf of the Shire of Trayning Staff, I take this opportunity to wish all residents and rate payers a very successful and rewarding 2016-2017 period.

Graham Merrick

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER



CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICERS REPORT Continued

Opening of Trayning Unmanned Fuel Facility





Kununoppin Independent Living Units being Installed









Unveiling of Dr John Radunovich Memorial Bust









Rob Tanner

Works Supervisor

WORKS SUPERVISOR'S REPORT

The Works Projects that have been completed for the financial year 2015 -2016 are:

- **Kellerberrin Bencubbin Road** (RRG001) Widening shoulders, profiled and 2 coat sealed.
- ♦ **Bencubbin Kellerberrin Road** (RRG013) Apply 1 coat seal.
- ◆ Adam Street Trayning (RCC003) Removed trees, profiled, final trimmed, 2 coat sealed, constructed new footpath on west side and laid new asphalt to bus pick up and drop off and kiss and drop off area in front of school and line marked.
- Hughes and Cooper Street Kununoppin (RTR025) Widen and 1 coat seal applied.
- Yelbeni-Kellerberrin Road (RTR001) Reformation and gravel re-sheet a section of the road.
- Mandiga-Trayning Road (RTR010) Reformation and gravel re-sheet a section of the road.
- Billyacatting Road (RTR021) Reformation and gravel re-sheet a section of the road.
- Lairds Road (RTR022) Reformation and gravel re-sheet a section of the road.
- Hewitt Road (RTR024) Reformation and gravel re-sheet a section of the road.
- ♦ **Kellerberrin-Bencubbin Road Sth** (RTR023) Cement stabilisation blow outs and 2 coat seal applied.
- ◆ Living Independent Units, Hughes Street, Kununoppin (BC51) Units installed, concrete footpaths, concrete drive ways, all electrical complete, leach drain constructed and areas fully fenced.
- ♦ 11 Wilson Street, Kununoppin (BC20) 1 coat seal applied to driveway.
- Refuse Sites Ongoing Maint.
- ◆ **Town Streets** Street sweeping of Trayning and Kununoppin town sites with our own bobcat road sweeper.
- Skate Park, Trayning Surface asphalted and new equipment installed and open to the public.
- ♦ Winter Maintenance Grading Shire and Contractor shared grading.
- ◆ Trayning Swimming Pool Lawns verti mowed and top dressed. Outside area landscaped and resheeted car park with gravel and rolled.
- ♦ Road Verge Slashing, Mulching and Weed Spraying various roads. Kununoppin Airstrip Weed spraying and general maintenance.
- Trayning Caravan Park Resheeted Caravan Park areas and mulched applied.
- Tree Planting Trees planted in the Trayning Tip Rehab areas.
- ◆ **Trayning Primary School** Oval was reconditioned and is now maintained by the Shire of Trayning.
- Gravel Pushing Various gravel pits.
- ◆ **Depot** Removed old fuel tanks and bund from depot yard and cleaned up. Constructed new archive room in shed. Cleaned up yard and removed unwanted items to pig yard. Installed new safety signage throughout the depot. All electrical and extinguishers had their yearly inspection completed and we updated the emergency procedures throughout the depot.
- ◆ Trayning Town Ongoing routine maint. Tidy up works along Sutherland Street. Installed Skate park shelter and bench and bike rack. Started to mow extra areas throughout the township on all entries and town site.
- ♦ **Kununoppin Town** Ongoing routine maint. Dressed up area surrounding the community centre (Old School). Shoulder works on all roads and road patching throughout the township and general tidy up of most of the township and will continue to do so.
- ◆ Yelbeni Town Ongoing routine maint. Resheeted gravel around the small town increased our mowing programme throughout the area including mowing regularly out at the golf course surrounding the club rooms only.
- ◆ Trayning Fuel Facility Now completed and servicing all
- Reserves and Parks Ongoing routine maint. Replaced wooden table and chairs at Billyacatting Reserve. Emptied toilet as needed. Cleared paths and parking areas on all reserves and parks.
- Mulcahy Sand Pit Brought excavator in to complete works to all batters to make safe and installed windrows for protection. Replaced all signage to the perimeter fence line as they were faded and not readable.



WORKS SUPERVISOR'S REPORT Continued

- ◆ Chemical shed in Trayning Cleaned out area, replaced all signage due to the old ones were faded and UN readable. Installed fire extinguisher and updated the MSDS folder. Repaired the safety shower and replaced the sign.
- Works Request Currently completed 80% to date.
- Camp fire Project Trayning Installed lighting and completed works.

Plant and equipment that was:

Purchased -

- Mustang Skid Steer
- ♦ Fork Lift
- ♦ 3 inch pump
- Various hand tools

Repaired -

- ♦ Komatsu Grader GD555-5 Mirror and lights replaced
- John Deere Tractor slasher Main drive unit on slasher replaced, Tyres replaced.
- ♦ Volvo Loader Cutting edges replaced
- ◆ Cat Backhoe Hydraulic hoses replaced, extender boom re-shimmed and air conditioning serviced. Main knuckle on arm replaced. Tyres replaced
- Daf Truck Repairs on hydraulic tank stand and brakes replaced.

Services -

All services on vehicles and machinery are up to date.

Staff-

- Grader Operator current status Full Time Employee
- Daf Side Tipping Truck Operator current status full time employee.
- Parks and Gardens current status Full time employee and permanent part-time employee.
- Plant Operators current status Four full time employees.

Rob Tanner

WORKS SUPERVISOR





Glen Buder

Natural Resource Management Officer

NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

ANNUAL REPORT 2015/2016

FEDERAL GOVERNMENT- BIODIVERSITY FUND

NEWROC NRM in partnership with WEROC and SEAVROC NRM receive funding for a 6 year Biodiversity fund project with the aim of 'Connecting Biodiversity across the Wheatbelt of Western Australia'. Trayning Shire is responsible for administering the finance for the project. Landholders who successfully submitted projects for the 2016 planting season have now completed planting seedlings and fencing projects where appropriate.

The project is winding up at the end of the 2015-16 financial year. Seedlings will be offered for delivery in June 2017, to infill previous revegetation sites where the seedling survival rate was low. There will also be one more round of offers to fence remnant bushland.

TRAYNING WATER STRATEGY

A strategic assessment of stormwater capture and reuse infrastructure in the Trayning townsite was prepared by consulting hydrologist Matt Giraudo, including recommendations for additional works required to facilitate the use of stormwater for irrigation of the school oval.

STATE NRM GRANT

The "Protecting Trayning's Biodiversity" project has been acquitted, and a new SNRM grant applied for, "Enhancing and Connecting Remnants in Trayning, Nungarin and Koorda Shires." This project, if approved, will assist landholders with fencing and supply seedlings for revegetation works, to protect or expand remnant bushland on their properties.

NUNGARIN/TRAYNING/MERREDIN SKELETON WEED LOCAL ACTION GROUP

There have been several meetings and training sessions held throughout the year- the 2015-16 season debrief in Perth at the end of March, Skeleton weed Map Portal training Merredin in May, Field Intelligence System (FIS) training workshop in Perth in July, and the 2016-17 pre-season meeting at Northam in October.

I have delivered farmers information packs to landholders with known infestations in the Nungarin, Trayning and Merredin Shires, including Landholder Assistance Agreements.

Surveillance searching will start in late January 2017. So far there have been no reports of new finds this season in the Shire of Trayning.

CORELLA CULL

Over 3 weekends in November/December 2015 members of Conservation Australia Inc. culled 32 corellas, 13 rabbits, 6 feral cats, 11 feral pigeons and 10 foxes from around the Trayning townsite, the trotting track, golfcourse, the Old Trayning Tip and the Yelbeni and Kununoppin Tips.

Altogether 39 members attended over the 3 weekends and were accommodated at the Trayning Caravan Park



NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT Continued

TRAYNING TIP OFFSET SITE

Infill of the revegetation project at the Northern end of the Old Trayning Tip was conducted as part of the Shire's responsibility for offsetting the gravel pits used during the Grain Freight Route work.

RURAL TOWNS PROJECT

Monitoring of 12 piezometers in the Yeelanna Catchment plus in Town sites (2) Yelbeni, (5) Kununoppin and (16) Trayning has continued through 2015/16.

Glen Buder

NATURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT OFFICER



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COUNCILLORS AND MEETINGS

YOUR COUNCIL

The Shire of Trayning is represented by seven Councillors made up of President, Deputy President and 5 Councillors. The elected representatives work together to provide good governance by making decisions on all aspects through effective strategic planning.

The current members of Council consist of:

Shire President		Deputy President	
Freda Tarr	Commenced—2011	Geoff Waters	Commenced—1996
	Term Expiry—2019		Term Expiry—2019
Councillors			
Melanie Brown	Commenced—2015	Trevor Lamond	Commenced—1984
	Term Expiry—2019		Term Expiry—2017
Greg Yates	Commenced—2015	Wallace Knott	Commenced—2009
	Term Expiry—2019		Term Expiry—2017
Andrew Woodfield	Commenced—2009		
	Term Expiry—2017		

Council meetings are held on the third Wednesday of each month except in January. Meetings start at the advertised times, and have a 15 minute period at the commencement for public question time. An agenda is prepared for each meeting, which is finalised by the Wednesday afternoon of the week prior to the meeting.

Council has two standing Committees, the Audit Committee as required by the Local Government Act, and the Local Emergency Management Committee as required by the Emergency Management Act. Other Committees for specific purposes may be created. There are also a number of other organisations on which your Council is represented, these include: Bush Fires Advisory Committee, Great Eastern Zone of WALGA, NEW Travel, Pioneer Pathways, Local Health Advisory Group, Regional Road Group, Local Emergency Management as well as others.

Council is also a member of the North Eastern Wheatbelt Regional Organisation of Councils, (NEWROC) which includes the Shires of Koorda, Nungarin, Mt Marshall, Mukinbudin and Wyalkatchem. The group works together to achieve greater resource sharing abilities.



The Local Government Act 1995 provides for Councillors to be paid a meeting fee for their attendance at Council and Committee meetings. This may be paid for individual attendances or alternatively, Councils may elect to pay an annual fee for attendance at these meetings.

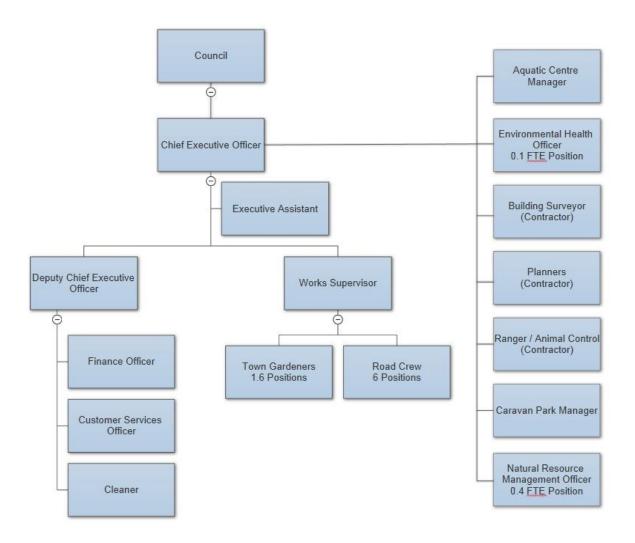


COUNCIL STAFF As at 30 June 2016

ADMINSTRATION STAFF

WORKS TEAM

Chief Executive Officer	Dirk Sellenger		
Deputy Chief Executive Officer	Cameron Watson	Works Supervisor	Rob Tanner
Environmental Health Officer	William Hardy	Works crew	Paul Lansdown
Executive Assistant	Belinda Taylor		Tristan Bell
Finance Officer	Evelin Ojaper		Keith Hubbert
Customer Service Officer	Noelene Young		Anthony Bell
NRM Officer	Glen Buder	Town Crew	Peter Salo
Aquatic Centre Manager	Wendy Hurley		Sheree Rayner
Cleaner	Caroline Ferns		
Caravan Park Manager	Lennard Richards		





HOW YOUR COUNCIL WORKS

LAW, ORDER & PUBLIC SAFETY

The Shire of Trayning is covered by a local FESA Unit which consists of three fire trucks, one fast attack fire utility and emergency and road rescue vehicles. Council has minimal expenses in this area, however Council still considers this area as a high priority by providing staff and equipment, as required.

The Shire of Trayning receives Police coverage and support from the Bencubbin Police Station. The Bencubbin and surrounding police carry out regular day and night patrols of the area to assist in keeping crime to a minimum.

Council has responsibility for the Local Emergency Management Committee which meets on a regular basis and conducts desktop exercises.

The Shire carries out the requirements of the Dog Act through the Central Wheatbelt Ranger Service and internal staff. The Ranger carries out weekly patrols of the Shire. Council has its own dog pound which is situated in the Shire depot.



HEALTH & BUILDING

Council administers the requirements of the Health Act and Building Code in the Shire and is a member of the North Eastern Wheatbelt Health Scheme, which employs William Hardy as its Principal Environmental Health Officer and Building Surveyor. He ensures that the required standards are being met by shop owners and builders, and provides general advice to residents on health and building matters.

Council supports the Kununoppin and Districts Health Service when required and in conjunction with the Shires of Mt Marshall, Mukinbudin and Nungarin has constructed a house to assist in attracting a doctor, and a vehicle is also provided for the Doctor.

The Shires of Trayning, Mt Marshall, Mukinbudin and Nungarin have purchased the Kununoppin Medical Practice

EDUCATION & WELFARE

Council owns and maintains the Playgroup building situated at Twine Street, Trayning and provides it free of charge for use by the KTY Playgroup. Council supports the Wheatbelt Agcare and Counselling Service situated in Nungarin. Council also works closely with and provides support to the Trayning Primary School.

Council maintains and provides, free of charge, the Kununoppin Community Centre & Trayning Playgroup and Kununoppin Hall for the use of seniors and a second hand shop respectively.

HOUSING

Council in conjunction with Homeswest provide six-aged person's units and two young person's units in Trayning. Council also provides housing for various staff employed by the Shire.



HOW YOUR COUNCIL WORKS Continued

COMMUNITY AMENITIES

There are refuse sites based in Kununoppin and Yelbeni for the disposal of various types of waste. General household refuse collection is carried out by Avon Waste each Monday, with recycling collected fortnightly on a Tuesday. Council also provides recycling bins at each post office for farmers to utilise.

Council administers and maintains the cemeteries at Kununoppin, Trayning and Yelbeni including 2 niche walls.

Council provides public toilets throughout the Shire for the use of tourists and general public.

RECREATION & CULTURE

Council is responsible for the maintenance of the town halls in Kununoppin & Trayning and also relies on a community committee to assist with the Kununoppin hall. The Shire also maintains a community centre in Kununoppin and Trayning.

The Trayning Aquatic Centre continues to be a focal point for the community during summer and with the shade sails at the southern and northern ends of the aquatic centre it provides a sun smart environment. The aquatic centre is well managed by the Pool Manager, Wendy Hurley. It is also important as a facility where our children are educated in water safety via VACSWIM, school and local swimming club.

General parks and gardens are maintained by Council's town gardeners who ensure these areas are maintained to the highest of standards. The Shire of Trayning also contracts the services of Trayning Tyre Services to manage the Tennis Courts, Bowling Green, BBQ Playground area and Caravan Park.

The BBQ Playground area is enhanced with a modern fitness centre/gym and ablutions with enclosed verandah. Council also provides a new stainless steel BBQ in the park area for members of the community and tourists to utilise.

The Shire provides a fully stocked public library including public access for the community to an internet service.







HOW YOUR COUNCIL WORKS Continued

TRANSPORT

Council provides a full range of licensing facilities for vehicles, boats, firearm and motor drivers licenses. Council also has the facilities for the compulsory photographic Drivers and Firearms licence cards.

Council handles new Motor Driver Licensing applications, Computerised Theory Tests and Hazard Perception Tests.

Roads are the Shire's major commitment and consume the largest part of the annual budget. As well as ongoing maintenance, the Shire has carried out network improvements and major preservation projects during the year.

The Kununoppin airstrip is also a facility maintained by Council for the Kununoppin and Districts Hospital and the Royal Flying Doctor Service.

ECONOMIC SERVICES

Council continues to contribute towards noxious weed control, vermin control, Natural Resource Management, Landcare and rural conservation services. The Shire employs Glen Buder as the Natural Resource Management Officer and contract two days per week of his time to the Shire of Nungarin.

The Ninghan News is fully funded and compiled on a fortnightly basis by the Shire administration staff and is distributed in each town and via mail to subscribers. No publications are produced during January.

Council compiles and produces a local telephone and business directory for the Shire of Trayning which can be purchased through the Shire Office.

Council maintains its support for tourism and area promotion in the Shire and region with its involvement in NEWTravel, Pioneer's Pathway, the Wheatbelt Way and through the maintenance of the Tourist Information Bay and Local Tourism Brochure.

The Billyacatting Hill Nature Reserve and Gnamma Holes in conjunction with beautiful wildflowers & orchards are just a few of the unique tourism assets within the community and attract tourists from everywhere.

PRIVATE WORKS

Private works for residents is a service provided by the Council, and also extended to private organisations and Government Departments. Fees and charges are reviewed annually during the budget process, these are available by contacting the Shire Office staff.

FINANCE AND BORROWING

Council currently has a number of loans for various purposes including the construction of Housing, construction of Ninghan Fitness Centre, relocation of the Trayning Caravan Park and purchase of Plant and Equipment. Detailed information on income and expenditure, refer to the following Financial Report.



PLAN FOR THE FUTURE OVERVIEW

AN OVERVIEW OF THE PLAN FOR THE FUTURE OF THE DISTRICT

a) General Purpose Income

This area is a major determinant in the planning of the activities of the Shire with Rates and Operating Grants and Subsidies continuing to provide operating costs for the provision of services to the community

b) Administration and Governance

Council and Staff continue to work together towards the common goal. It is encouraging to report on the innovative and positive attitude Council present in providing facilities and determining future developments in our Shire, which ultimately leads to a benefit for all.

c) Community Amenities

The object of this facility is to provide an efficient and effective service to the community in the areas of Refuse Management and management of the Town Planning functions.

d) Recreation and Culture

The object of this activity is to maintain and enhance lifestyle opportunities for the community and to this end the Shire continues to support sporting and recreational groups with funding and assistance in obtaining grant funds through the Department of Sport and Recreation. Council's current focus in this area is the upgrade of the Trayning Community Recreation Centre.

e) Transport

The transport activity covers the construction and maintenance of the road network together with footpath and street lighting facilities. The Shire apply significant resources to this area and make substantial budget provision to provide and maintain this activity.

f) Economic Services

The purpose of this activity is to facilitate business opportunities, natural resource management tourism and potential for economic development. The Shire continues to support local and regional groups.

g) Land and Buildings

This is a major area of the Shire assets with an obligation to ensure that a reasonable and commercial return is achieved and appropriate management of assets is applied.

h) Plant, Equipment and Machinery

This area remains an important part of Council direction. Plant budgeted is purchased within set parameters.

i) Infrastructure Assets

This extensive area includes roads, footpaths, drainage, parks, gardens, ovals, kerbing, lighting and

Major Initiatives Proposed or to Continue During 2016/2017

- Trayning Community Recreation Facility
- Fencing of the Yelbeni & Kununoppin Tip Sites
- Renovations to Staff Housing
- Kununoppin Independent Living Units
- Replace leased light vehicles with Shire Owned to enable savings on leasing costs and FBT



DISABILITY SERVICES PLAN

Amendment to the Disability Services Act in 1999 require all Public Authorities to include in their Annual Report, a statement on that organisation's efforts to implement their adopted Disability Access and Inclusion Plan.

The Shire of Trayning is committed to ensuring that the community is an accessible community for people with disabilities, their families and carers. As well as to consulting with people with disabilities, their families and carers and where required, disability organisations to ensure that barriers to access are addressed properly.

The outcome statements against which assessments are made are as follows:

OUTCOME 1 - People with disabilities have the same opportunities as other people to access the services of, and any events organised, by the Shire of Trayning.

OUTCOME 2 - People with disabilities have the same opportunities as other people to access the buildings and other facilities of the Shire of Trayning.

OUTCOME 3 - People with disabilities receive information from the Shire of Trayning in a format that will enable them to access the information as readily as other people are able to access it.

OUTCOME 4 - People with disabilities receive the same level and quality of service from the employees of the Shire of Trayning as other people receive.

OUTCOME 5 - People with disabilities have the same opportunities as other people to make complaints to the Shire of Trayning.

OUTCOME 6 - People with disabilities have the same opportunities as other people to participate in any public consultation by the Shire of Trayning.

OUTCOME 7 - People with disabilities have the same opportunities as other people to obtain and maintain employment with a public authority.

GENERAL COMMENTS

In 2012 Council carried out community consultation on disability services via a public survey and through one on one consultation with the elderly residing in the Shire. Should anyone have a comment or suggestion regarding accessibility issues please contact the Shire office and discuss the matters you have to talk about.

Council continues to work to ensure that all of our new facilities are designed to meet the needs of the elderly and disabled.

Copies of the Disability Access and Inclusion Plan 2012-2017 are available upon request from the Shire Administration Office.



RECORD KEEPING PLAN

The Shire of Trayning remains committed to meeting the requirements of the State Records Act 2000.

Records are a core information resource and sound record keeping practices are acknowledged to contribute to overall effectiveness and efficiency of the organisation.

The Shire of Trayning's Record Keeping Plan was reviewed and approved by the State Records Commission and adopted at the April 2008 Meeting.

The Record Keeping Plan was reviewed in April 2013.

RETENTION AND DISPOSAL SCHEDULE

The Shire of Trayning utilises the general disposal authority of Local Government records as produced by the State Records Office for retention and disposal of records.

DISPOSAL PROGRAM IMPLEMENTED

The Shire of Trayning has implemented the General Disposal Authority for Local Government Records and conducts regular disposal of records and archiving on an annual basis.

AUTHORISATION FOR DISPOSAL OF RECORDS

Before any records are destroyed or transferred to the SRO they are reviewed by the Chief Executive Officer for the Shire of Trayning and authorised for destruction or transfer.

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS IN PLACE

The following performance indicator/control mechanisms has been developed to measure the efficiency and effectiveness of the Shire of Trayning's recordkeeping systems:

- 1. Perpetual diary system to check accuracy by random check of stored records
- 2. The annual destruction of records confirms whether or not the records are in the location the register records that they should be.

STAFF TRAINING, INFORMATION SESSIONS

The Shire of Trayning has implemented the following activities to ensure that all staff are aware of their record keeping responsibilities and compliance with the Record Keeping Plan:

- Presentations on various aspects of the Shire of Trayning's record keeping program are delivered as required
- > In-house training sessions are conducted for the organisation's staff as required
- From time to time an external consultant is brought in to run a training session for staff. Staff are also encouraged to attend training courses outside the organisation whenever practicable.
- > Staff information sessions are conducted as required.



NATIONAL COMPETITION POLICY

COMPETITION REFORM

National Competition Policy (NCP) is designed to enhance the efficiency and effectiveness of public sector agencies and lead to more efficient use of all economic resources. There are a number of specific requirements placed on Local Government in the areas of competitive neutrality, legislation review and structural reform. Each Local Government is required to report its progress in achieving NCP reforms in its annual report.

COMPETITIVE NEUTRALITY

The principle of competitive neutrality is that government businesses should not enjoy a competitive advantage, or disadvantage, simply as a result of their public sector ownership.

Competitive neutrality should apply to all business activities, which generate a user-pays income of over \$200,000 unless it can be shown it is not in the public interest.

As the Shire of Trayning does not have any 'Significant Business Activities' with an annual user-pays income exceeding \$200,000 p.a. this negates further action or reporting obligation.

LEGISLATION REVIEW

All Local Governments are required to assess which of their local laws might impact on competition and conduct a review of each to determine how any restrictive practices might be overcome.

Local Laws are also required to be reviewed every eight years under the Local Government Act 1995. As the Local Laws were made in 2001, this review is now due. A consultant has been engaged to carry out the review.

STRUCTURAL REFORM

Before Local Governments privatise a monopoly business activity or introduce competition into a sector dominated by a monopoly or near monopoly, the regulatory and commercial activities must be separated and a review undertaken.

Where applicable, all Local Governments in Australia must report their adherence to structural reform principles. At present, this requirement has a very limited impact on Local Government in Western Australia, and most will not need to provide this information.



FREEDOM OF INFORMATION

THE FOLLOWING COUNCIL DOCUMENTS AVAILABLE FOR INSPECTION

Various documents are available for inspection by members of the public.

- Council Agendas & Minutes
- Annual Budgets
- Annual Report and Financial Statements
- Plan for the Future of the District-Five Year
- Five Year Financial Plan
- Council Policy Manual and Delegations Register
- Council & Staff Code of Conduct
- Rate Assessment Book
- Electoral Roll
- Local Laws
- Municipal Heritage Inventory

Council also delivers information to the public via the following:

- Annual Ratepayer Information Pamphlets sent with Rate Notices
- Council Notes in the Ninghan News
- Production of the Local Telephone Directory
- Dog & Bushfire Fire Control Pamphlets are also posted annually
- Local Tourism & Information Brochure

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION REQUESTS

During the year under review there was one formal request made by a member of the public under the Freedom of Information Act.

The Shire of Trayning welcomes enquires for any information held by Council.

If information cannot be accessed by a less formal means, a freedom of information request can be lodged to the following:

The Freedom of Information Officer Shire of Trayning PO Box 95 TRAYNING WA 6488





OTHER STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS

PUBLIC INTEREST DISCLOSURE

The Public Interest Disclosure Act was established by the Commissioner of Sector Standards under Section 20 of the Public Interest Disclosure Act 2003.

One of the principles of the new legislation is not just to provide protection to those who make disclosers (and those who are the subject of disclosures) but also encourages a system of transparency and accountability in the way government or government officials act and utilise public monies.

Matters that fall into the category of public interest include the following:

- Improper Conduct (irregular or unauthorised use of public resources);
- An offence under State Law including corruption (substantial unauthorised or irregular use of, or substantial mismanagement of, public resources);
- Administration matters generally (conduct involving a substantial risk of injury to public health, prejudice to public safety or harm to the environment).

Matters relating to the Shire of Trayning should be referred to the Shire of Trayning's Public Interest Disclosure Officer. Disclosures to the Public Disclosure Officer can be made not just about officers of a local authority but also its elected officials.

The Disclosure Act is to ensure that the disclosure is confidential and that the person making a disclosure is provided adequate protection from reprisals, civil and criminal liability, dismissal or breach of confidentiality.

The Shire of Trayning had no Public Interest Disclosures during the reporting period.

INFORMATION ON EMPLOYEE PAYMENTS

For the purpose of Regulation 19B of the Local Government (Administration) Regulations 1996 employee remuneration is required to be contained in Council's Annual Report.

Shown below in bands is the number of employees:

Entitled to an annual salary of 100,000 to 109,999 = 0

Entitled to an annual salary of 110,000 to 119,999 = 1

Entitled to an annual salary of 120,000 to 129,999 = 2

Entitled to an annual salary of 130,000 to 139,999 = 0



SHIRE OF TRAYNING

FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Statement by Chief Executive Officer	2
Statement of Comprehensive Income by Nature or Type	3
Statement of Comprehensive Income by Program	4
Statement of Financial Position	5
Statement of Changes in Equity	6
Statement of Cash Flows	7
Rate Setting Statement	8
Notes to and Forming Part of the Financial Report	9
ndependent Audit Report	54
Supplementary Ratio Information	56

SHIRE OF TRAYNING FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1995 LOCAL GOVERNMENT (FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT) REGULATIONS 1996

STATEMENT BY CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The attached financial report of the Shire of Trayning being the annual financial report and other information for the financial year ended 30 June 2016 are in my opinion properly drawn up to present fairly the financial position of the Shire of Trayning at 30th June 2016 and the results of the operations for the financial year then ended in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards and comply with the provisions of the Local Government Act 1995 and the regulations under that Act.

Signed as authorisation of issue on the

24 TH day of NOVEMBER 201

Graham Merrick Chief Executive Officer

SHIRE OF TRAYNING STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME BY NATURE OR TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

	NOTE	2016 \$	2016 Budget \$	2015 \$
Revenue				
Rates	22	933,534	932,793	863,525
Operating grants, subsidies and				
contributions	29	1,273,479	1,322,731	2,826,543
Fees and charges	28	216,888	237,601	224,313
Interest earnings	2(a)	52,930	43,464	53,667
Other revenue	2(a)	304,008	199,682	224,342
		2,780,839	2,736,271	4,192,390
Expenses				
Employee costs		(969,184)	(1,358,574)	(882,395)
Materials and contracts		(1,507,785)	(1,308,945)	(1,554,051)
Utility charges		(120,785)	(117,702)	(108,419)
Depreciation on non-current assets	2(a)	(922,211)	(969,595)	(929,636)
Interest expenses	2(a)	(16,205)	(17,161)	(19,545)
Insurance expenses		(86,660)	(83,156)	(86,953)
Other expenditure		(113,168)	(91,630)	(104,684)
		(3,735,998)	(3,946,763)	(3,685,683)
		(955,159)	(1,210,492)	506,707
Non-operating grants, subsidies and				
contributions	29	968,917	1,058,640	1,907,973
Profit on asset disposals	20	0	75,000	0
(Loss) on asset disposals	20	(52,163)	(181,133)	(8,325)
Net result		(38,405)	(257,985)	2,406,355
Other comprehensive income				
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently t	•	loss		
Changes on revaluation of non-current assets	12	(86,624)	0	45,854,945
Total other comprehensive income		(86,624)	0	45,854,945
Total comprehensive income		(125,029)	(257,985)	48,261,300

SHIRE OF TRAYNING STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME BY PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

Revenue 2(a) 44,590 81,361 Gonerance 84,489 45,900 81,361 Ceneral purpose funding 1,478,965 1,488,939 2,445,165 Law, order, public safety 5,941 7,600 17,031 Health 182,785 97,926 98,679 Housing 41,400 98,756 64,448 Community amenities 51,665 57,915 52,332 Recreation and culture 332,991 369,636 777,894 Economic services 506,302 603,043 550,457 Other property and services 2(a) 603,042 603,043 550,457 Other property and services 2(a) (294,452) (290,590) Expenses 2(a) (294,452) (290,590) Governance (286,029) (294,452) (290,590) General purpose funding (81,301) (82,604) (71,698) Health (33,242) (201,417) (181,966) Health (57,226) (50,095) (35,690)		NOTE	2016 \$	2016 Budget \$	2015 \$
Governance 84,480 45,900 81,361 General purpose funding 1,478,965 1,488,939 2,445,165 Law, order, public safety 5,941 7,600 17,031 Health 182,785 97,926 98,679 Housing 41,400 98,756 64,448 Community amenities 51,665 57,915 52,332 Recreation and culture 12,753 77,190 18,993 Transport 506,302 603,043 550,457 Other property and services 83,557 81,820 88,030 Covernance (286,029) (294,452) (290,939 Governance (286,029) (294,452) (290,939 General purpose funding (81,301) (82,641) (85,212) Law, order, public safety (78,218) (82,604) (71,698 Health (333,242 (201,417) (181,968) Housing (174,369) (246,462) (156,443) Community amenities (86,523) (170,001) (156,443)	Revenue	2(a)		•	
General purpose funding Law, order, public safety 1,478,965 1,488,939 2,445,165 Law, order, public safety 5,941 7,600 17,031 Health 182,785 97,926 98,679 Housing 41,400 98,756 64,448 Community amenities 51,665 57,915 52,332 Recreation and culture 12,753 77,190 18,993 Transport 332,991 369,636 775,894 Economic services 506,302 603,043 550,457 Other property and services 2,3857 81,820 683,030 Expenses 2(a) (286,029) (294,452) (290,590) General purpose funding (81,301) (82,604) (71,698) Health (333,242) (201,417) (181,966) Education and welfare (57,226) (50,095) (35,690) Housing (174,369) (246,462) (156,435) Recreation and culture (679,237) (765,182) (636,452) Transport (961,127	Governance	()	84,480	45,900	81,361
Law, order, public safety	General purpose funding			•	·
Health Housing	, ,				
Housing	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			·	·
Community amenities	Housing		•		·
Recreation and culture	•		•	•	
Transport 332,991 369,636 775,894 Economic services 506,302 603,043 550,457 81,820 88,030 2,780,839 2,928,725 4,192,390 Expenses 2(a) (286,029) (294,452) (290,590				·	
Economic services	Transport		•	·	
Name	·			·	
Expenses 2(a) 2,780,839 2,928,725 4,192,390 2,928,725 4,192,390 2,928,725 4,192,390 2,928,725 4,192,390 2,928,725 2,90,590 2,94,452 2,90,590 2,94,452 2,90,590 2,94,452 2,90,590 2,94,452 2,90,590 2,94,452 2,90,590 2,94,452 2,90,590 2,94,452 2,9				·	
Governance		- ()			
Ceneral purpose funding		2(a)	(000 000)	(004.470)	(222 -22)
Law, order, public safety (78,218) (82,604) (71,698) Health (333,242) (201,417) (181,966) Education and welfare (57,226) (50,095) (35,690) Housing (174,369) (246,462) (156,443) Community amenities (166,933) (170,053) (187,423) Recreation and culture (679,237) (765,182) (636,452) Transport (961,127) (1,196,839) (965,166) Economic services (882,786) (996,228) (1,008,012) Other property and services (882,786) (99,228) (1,008,012) Other property and services (19,325) (36,083) (47,486) Governance (882,786) (99,228) (1,008,012) Housing (813) (1,168) (2,339) Recreation and culture (1,776) (1,681) (2,339) Transport (4,099) (4,340) (6,264) Economic services (4,679) (4,917) (5,985) Other property and services			,	,	, ,
Health			, ,	,	
Education and welfare	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,	,	, ,
Housing			, ,	,	,
Community amenities			,	,	, ,
Recreation and culture (679,237) (765,182) (636,452) Transport (961,127) (1,196,839) (965,166) Economic services (882,786) (996,228) (1,008,012) Other property and services (19,325) (36,083) (47,486) Finance costs 2(a) (3,719,793) (4,122,056) (3,666,138) Finance costs 2(a) 0 (200) 0 Housing (813) (1,168) (2,339) Recreation and culture (1,776) (1,706) (2,069) Transport (4,099) (4,340) (6,264) Economic services (4,838) (4,830) (2,888) Other property and services (4,679) (4,917) (5,985) Other property and services (4,679) (4,117,161) (19,545) Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions 29 968,917 1,058,640 1,907,973 Profit on disposal of assets 20 0 75,000 0 (Loss) on disposal of assets 20 (•		,	, ,	, ,
Transport (961,127) (1,198,839) (965,166) Economic services (882,786) (996,228) (1,008,012) Other property and services (19,325) (36,083) (47,486) Finance costs 2(a) (3,719,793) (4,122,056) (3,666,138) Governance 0 (200) 0 Housing (813) (1,168) (2,339) Recreation and culture (1,776) (1,706) (2,069) Transport (4,099) (4,340) (6,264) Economic services (4,838) (4,830) (2,888) Other property and services (4,679) (4,917) (5,985) (16,205) (17,161) (19,545) (19,545) (955,159) (1,210,492) 506,707 Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions 29 968,917 1,058,640 1,907,973 Profit on disposal of assets 20 0 75,000 0 (Loss) on disposal of assets 20 (52,163) (181,133) (8,325)			,		
Conomic services			,		, ,
Other property and services (19,325) (36,083) (47,486) (3,666,138) Finance costs 2(a) (200) 0 Governance 0 (200) 0 Housing (813) (1,168) (2,339) Recreation and culture (1,776) (1,706) (2,069) Transport (4,099) (4,340) (6,264) Economic services (4,838) (4,830) (2,888) Other property and services (4,679) (4,917) (5,985) (16,205) (17,161) (19,545) (955,159) (1,210,492) 506,707 Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions 29 968,917 1,058,640 1,907,973 Profit on disposal of assets 20 0 75,000 0 (Loss) on disposal of assets 20 (52,163) (181,133) (8,325) Net result (38,405) (257,985) 2,406,355 Other comprehensive income Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss (86,624) 0 4	·		,	,	, ,
Comparison of the costs Comparison of the costs Comparison of the costs Comparison of the costs Comparison of the cost of			,	,	,
Finance costs 2(a) Governance 0 (200) 0 Housing (813) (1,168) (2,339) Recreation and culture (1,776) (1,706) (2,069) Transport (4,099) (4,340) (6,264) Economic services (4,838) (4,830) (2,888) Other property and services (4,679) (4,917) (5,985) (16,205) (17,161) (19,545) (955,159) (1,210,492) 506,707 Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions 29 968,917 1,058,640 1,907,973 Profit on disposal of assets 20 0 75,000 0 (Loss) on disposal of assets 20 (52,163) (181,133) (8,325) Net result (38,405) (257,985) 2,406,355 Other comprehensive income Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Changes on revaluation of non-current assets 12 (86,624) 0 45,854,945 Total other comprehensive income	Other property and services				
Governance 0 (200) 0 Housing (813) (1,168) (2,339) Recreation and culture (1,776) (1,706) (2,069) Transport (4,099) (4,340) (6,264) Economic services (4,838) (4,830) (2,888) Other property and services (4,679) (4,917) (5,985) (16,205) (17,161) (19,545) (955,159) (1,210,492) 506,707 Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions 29 968,917 1,058,640 1,907,973 Profit on disposal of assets 20 0 75,000 0 (Loss) on disposal of assets 20 (52,163) (181,133) (8,325) Net result (38,405) (257,985) 2,406,355 Other comprehensive income (86,624) 0 45,854,945 Total other comprehensive income (86,624) 0 45,854,945			(3,719,793)	(4,122,056)	(3,666,138)
Housing (813) (1,168) (2,339)		2(a)			
Recreation and culture (1,776) (1,706) (2,069) Transport (4,099) (4,340) (6,264) Economic services (4,838) (4,830) (2,888) Other property and services (4,679) (4,917) (5,985) Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions (955,159) (1,210,492) 506,707 Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions 29 968,917 1,058,640 1,907,973 Profit on disposal of assets 20 0 75,000 0 (Loss) on disposal of assets 20 (52,163) (181,133) (8,325) Net result (38,405) (257,985) 2,406,355 Other comprehensive income Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Changes on revaluation of non-current assets 12 (86,624) 0 45,854,945 Total other comprehensive income (86,624) 0 45,854,945				, ,	
Transport (4,099) (4,340) (6,264) Economic services (4,838) (4,830) (2,888) Other property and services (4,679) (4,917) (5,985) (16,205) (17,161) (19,545) (955,159) (1,210,492) 506,707 Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions 29 968,917 1,058,640 1,907,973 Profit on disposal of assets 20 0 75,000 0 (Loss) on disposal of assets 20 (52,163) (181,133) (8,325) Net result (38,405) (257,985) 2,406,355 Other comprehensive income (86,624) 0 45,854,945 Total other comprehensive income (86,624) 0 45,854,945	•		, ,	, ,	, ,
Conomic services			, ,	, ,	, ,
Other property and services (4,679) (16,205) (17,161) (19,545) (5,985) (16,205) (17,161) (19,545) Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions 29 968,917 (1,210,492) (1,210,492) (1,210,492) 506,707 Profit on disposal of assets 20 0 0 75,000 0 (1,210,492) (1,210,492) 0 0,000 (1,210,492) (1,210,492) (1,210,492) (1,210,492) Profit on disposal of assets 20 0 0 75,000 0 (1,210,492) (1,210,	·		, ,	, ,	
(16,205)			, ,	, ,	, ,
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions 29 968,917 1,058,640 1,907,973	Other property and services				
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions 29 968,917 1,058,640 1,907,973 Profit on disposal of assets 20 0 75,000 0 (Loss) on disposal of assets 20 (52,163) (181,133) (8,325) Net result (38,405) (257,985) 2,406,355 Other comprehensive income Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Changes on revaluation of non-current assets 12 (86,624) 0 45,854,945 Total other comprehensive income (86,624) 0 45,854,945					
contributions 29 968,917 1,058,640 1,907,973 Profit on disposal of assets 20 0 75,000 0 (Loss) on disposal of assets 20 (52,163) (181,133) (8,325) Net result (38,405) (257,985) 2,406,355 Other comprehensive income Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Changes on revaluation of non-current assets 12 (86,624) 0 45,854,945 Total other comprehensive income (86,624) 0 45,854,945			(955,159)	(1,210,492)	506,707
Profit on disposal of assets 20 0 75,000 0 (Loss) on disposal of assets 20 (52,163) (181,133) (8,325) Net result (38,405) (257,985) 2,406,355 Other comprehensive income Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Changes on revaluation of non-current assets 12 (86,624) 0 45,854,945 Total other comprehensive income (86,624) 0 45,854,945					
(Loss) on disposal of assets 20 (52,163) (181,133) (8,325) Net result (38,405) (257,985) 2,406,355 Other comprehensive income Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Changes on revaluation of non-current assets 12 (86,624) 0 45,854,945 Total other comprehensive income (86,624) 0 45,854,945			968,917		1,907,973
Net result (38,405) (257,985) 2,406,355 Other comprehensive income Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Changes on revaluation of non-current assets 12 (86,624) Total other comprehensive income (86,624) 0 45,854,945	·		_		0
Other comprehensive income Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Changes on revaluation of non-current assets 12 (86,624) 0 45,854,945 Total other comprehensive income (86,624) 0 45,854,945	` , .	20			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Changes on revaluation of non-current assets 12 (86,624) 0 45,854,945 Total other comprehensive income (86,624) 0 45,854,945	Net result		(38,405)	(257,985)	2,406,355
Changes on revaluation of non-current assets Total other comprehensive income 12 (86,624) 0 45,854,945 0 45,854,945					
Total other comprehensive income (86,624) 0 45,854,945		•	r loss		
		12	(86,624)		
Total comprehensive income (125,029) (257,985) 48,261,300	Total other comprehensive income		(86,624)	0	45,854,945
	Total comprehensive income		(125,029)	(257,985)	48,261,300

SHIRE OF TRAYNING STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30TH JUNE 2016

	NOTE	2016 \$	2015 \$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	1,505,772	2,987,026
Trade and other receivables	4	192,317	204,107
Inventories	5	24,086	48,194
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		1,722,175	3,239,327
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Other receivables	4	76,598	79,706
Property, plant and equipment	6	11,042,155	10,109,236
Infrastructure	7	62,631,574	61,869,411
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		73,750,327	72,058,353
TOTAL ASSETS		75,472,502	75,297,680
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	8	194,638	213,628
Current portion of long term borrowings	9	96,013	111,470
Provisions	10	148,110	146,130
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		438,761	471,228
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES			
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	9	630,902	306,915
Long term borrowings Provisions	10	18,310	9,979
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	10	649,212	316,894
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1 007 072	700 122
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,087,973	788,122
NET ASSETS		74,384,529	74,509,558
EQUITY			
Retained surplus		20,093,485	19,538,055
Reserves - cash backed	11	1,092,747	1,686,582
Revaluation surplus	12	53,198,297	53,284,921
TOTAL EQUITY		74,384,529	74,509,558

SHIRE OF TRAYNING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

	NOTE	RETAINED SURPLUS \$	RESERVES CASH BACKED \$	REVALUATION SURPLUS \$	TOTAL EQUITY \$
Balance as at 1 July 2014		17,462,331	1,355,951	7,429,976	26,248,258
Comprehensive income Net result		2,406,355	0	0	2,406,355
Changes on revaluation of assets	12	0	0	45,854,945	45,854,945
Total comprehensive income		2,406,355	0	45,854,945	48,261,300
Transfers from/(to) reserves		(330,631)	330,631	0	0
Balance as at 30 June 2015		19,538,055	1,686,582	53,284,921	74,509,558
Comprehensive income Net result		(38,405)	0	0	(38,405)
Changes on revaluation of assets	12	0	0	(86,624)	(86,624)
Total comprehensive income		(38,405)	0	(86,624)	(125,029)
Transfers from/(to) reserves		593,835	(593,835)	0	0
Balance as at 30 June 2016		20,093,485	1,092,747	53,198,297	74,384,529

SHIRE OF TRAYNING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	NOTE	2016 Actual \$	2016 Budget \$	2015 Actual \$
Receipts Rates		919,012	982,793	820,523
Operating grants, subsidies and contributions		1,347,013	1,297,731	2,826,543
Fees and charges		216,888	237,601	184,212
Interest earnings		53,410	43,464	53,667
Goods and services tax		291,098	0	359,891
Other revenue	=	313,652	199,682	214,698
_		3,141,073	2,761,271	4,459,534
Payments		(0.45.400)	(4.050.574)	(070.040)
Employee costs		(945,129)	(1,358,574)	(879,819)
Materials and contracts Utility charges		(1,512,582)	(1,386,445) (117,702)	(1,676,378) (108,419)
Interest expenses		(120,785) (17,179)	(16,961)	(11,160)
Insurance expenses		(86,660)	(83,156)	(86,953)
Goods and services tax		(351,373)	(03,130)	(487,330)
Other expenditure		(113,168)	(91,630)	(104,684)
o mor ovipoviduo	-	(3,146,876)	(3,054,468)	(3,354,743)
Net cash provided by (used in)	-	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		
operating activities	13(b)	(5,803)	(293,197)	1,104,791
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payments for purchase of				
property, plant & equipment Payments for construction of		(1,765,003)	(1,936,254)	(411,822)
infrastructure		(1,106,761)	(1,556,774)	(1,452,298)
Advances to community groups		0	0	(45,000)
Non-operating grants,				
subsidies and contributions		968,917	1,058,640	2,442,183
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets Net cash provided by (used in)		115,000	205,000	10,996
investment activities	-	(1,787,847)	(2,229,388)	544,059
		,	, , ,	ŕ
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Repayment of debentures		(111,470)	(111,689)	(101,881)
Proceeds from self supporting loans		3,866	(3,867)	1,881
Proceeds from new debentures		420,000	270,000	210,000
Net cash provided by (used In) financing activities	-	312,396	154,444	110,000
Net increase (decrease) in cash held		(1,481,254)	(2,368,141)	1,758,850
Cash at beginning of year		2,987,026	2,987,025	1,228,176
Cash and cash equivalents		, ,	, - ,	, -,
at the end of the year	13(a)	1,505,772	618,884	2,987,026

SHIRE OF TRAYNING RATE SETTING STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

TON THE TEAR EN	00111	2016	2016	2015
	NOTE	Actual \$	Budget \$	Actual \$
Net current assets at start of financial year - surplus/(d	eficit)	1,216,836	1,222,548	120,985
, , ,	,	1,216,836	1,222,548	120,985
Revenue from operating activities (excluding rates)				
Governance		84,480	45,900	81,361
General purpose funding		556,784	562,903	1,586,676
Law, order, public safety		5,941	7,600	17,031
Health		182,785	97,926	98,679
Housing		41,400	143,756	64,448
Community amenities		51,665	57,915	52,332
Recreation and culture Transport		12,753 332,991	77,190 399,636	18,993 775,894
Economic services		506,302	603,043	550,457
Other property and services		83,557	81,820	88,030
		1,858,658	2,077,689	3,333,901
Expenditure from operating activities		(222.222)	(224.472)	(000 700)
Governance		(286,029)	(294,452)	(290,590)
General purpose funding Law, order, public safety		(81,301) (78,218)	(82,641) (82,604)	(85,212) (71,698)
Health		(333,242)	(201,417)	(181,966)
Education and welfare		(57,226)	(50,095)	(35,690)
Housing		(222,140)	(331,963)	(158,782)
Community amenities		(166,933)	(170,053)	(187,423)
Recreation and culture		(681,013)	(863,688)	(638,521)
Transport		(970,431)	(1,201,179)	(979,755)
Economic services		(887,624)	(1,001,058)	(1,010,900)
Other property and services		(24,004) (3,788,161)	(41,000) (4,320,150)	(53,471) (3,694,008)
Operating activities excluded from budget		(3,700,101)	(4,320,130)	(3,034,000)
(Profit) on disposal of assets	20	0	(75,000)	0
Loss on disposal of assets	20	52,163	181,133	8,325
Movement in deferred pensioner rates (non-current)		(902)	0	(9,172)
Movement in employee benefit provisions (non-current)		8,331	683	6,604
Movement in LSL Reserve (Added Back)		794 684	0	1,033 0
Movement in Work in Progress (Expensed) Depreciation on assets	2(a)	684 922,211	969,595	929,636
Amount attributable to operating activities	2(α)	270,614	56,498	697,304
. •		,	,	,
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		000.047	4 050 040	4 007 070
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions Proceeds from disposal of assets	20	968,917 115,000	1,058,640 205,000	1,907,973 10,996
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	6(b)	(1,765,003)	(1,953,442)	(411,822)
Purchase and construction of infrastructure	7(b)	(1,106,761)	(1,473,647)	(1,452,298)
Amount attributable to investing activities	()	(1,787,847)	(2,163,449)	54,849
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Advances to community groups		0	0	(45,000)
Repayment of debentures	21(a)	(111,470)	(111,689)	(101,881)
Proceeds from new debentures	21(a)	420,000	270,000	210,000
Proceeds (Repayment) from Overdraft		0	0	(128,175)
Proceeds from self supporting loans	4.4	3,866	(3,867)	1,881
Transfers to reserves (restricted assets) Transfers from reserves (restricted assets)	11 11	(660,104) 1,253,939	(315,929) 1,438,941	(1,569,010) 1,238,379
Amount attributable to financing activities	11	906,231	1,277,456	(393,806)
		- 55,-5	.,,,,	(===,===)
Surplus(deficiency) before general rates		(611,002)	(829,495)	358,347
Total amount raised from general rates	22	922,181	926,036	858,489
Net current assets at June 30 c/fwd - surplus/(deficit)	23	311,179	96,541	1,216,836
				<u>-</u>

SHIRE OF TRAYNING NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of Preparation

The financial report comprises general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (as they apply to local governments and not-for-profit entities), Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, the Local Government Act 1995 and accompanying regulations. Material accounting policies which have been adopted in the preparation of this financial report are presented below and have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise.

Except for cash flow and rate setting information, the report has been prepared on the accrual basis and is based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and liabilities.

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of a financial report in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that effect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances; the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The local government reporting entity

All Funds through which the Shire controls resources to carry on its functions have been included in the financial statements forming part of this financial report.

In the process of reporting on the local government as a single unit, all transactions and balances between those Funds (for example, loans and transfers between Funds) have been eliminated.

All monies held in the Trust Fund are excluded from the financial statements. A separate statement of those monies appears at Note 19 to these financial statements.

(b) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows.

(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash at bank, deposits available on demand with banks and other short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts.

Bank overdrafts are reported as short term borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

SHIRE OF TRAYNING NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and other receivables include amounts due from ratepayers for unpaid rates and service charges and other amounts due from third parties for goods sold and services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as non-current assets.

Collectability of trade and other receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts that are known to be uncollectible are written off when identified. An allowance for doubtful debts is raised when there is objective evidence that they will not be collectible.

(e) Inventories

General

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Land held for sale

Land held for development and sale is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes the cost of acquisition, development, borrowing costs and holding costs until completion of development. Finance costs and holding charges incurred after development is completed are expensed.

Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss at the time of signing an unconditional contract of sale if significant risks and rewards, and effective control over the land, are passed on to the buyer at this point.

Land held for sale is classified as current except where it is held as non-current based on the Council's intentions to release for sale.

(f) Fixed Assets

Each class of fixed assets within either property, plant and equipment or infrastructure, is carried at cost or fair value as indicated less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Mandatory requirement to revalue non-current assets

Effective from 1 July 2012, the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations were amended and the measurement of non-current assets at Fair Value became mandatory.

During the year ended 30 June 2013, the Shire commenced the process of adopting Fair Value in accordance with the Regulations.

Whilst the amendments initially allowed for a phasing in of fair value in relation to fixed assets over three years, as at 30 June 2015 all non-current assets were carried at Fair Value in accordance with the the requirements.

Thereafter, each asset class must be revalued in accordance with the regulatory framework established and the Shire revalues its asset classes in accordance with this mandatory timetable.

Relevant disclosures, in accordance with the requirements of Australian Accounting Standards, have been made in the financial report as necessary.

SHIRE OF TRAYNING NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Fixed Assets (Continued)

Land under control

In accordance with Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16(a), the Shire was required to include as an asset (by 30 June 2013), Crown Land operated by the local government as a golf course, showground, racecourse or other sporting or recreational facility of State or Regional significance.

Upon initial recognition, these assets were recorded at cost in accordance with AASB 116. They were then classified as Land and revalued along with other land in accordance with the other policies detailed in this Note.

Initial recognition and measurement between mandatory revaluation dates

All assets are initially recognised at cost and subsequently revalued in accordance with the mandatory measurement framework detailed above.

In relation to this initial measurement, cost is determined as the fair value of the assets given as consideration plus costs incidental to the acquisition. For assets acquired at no cost or for nominal consideration, cost is determined as fair value at the date of acquisition. The cost of non-current assets constructed by the Shire includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour on the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overheads.

Individual assets acquired between initial recognition and the next revaluation of the asset class in accordance with the mandatory measurement framework detailed above, are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation as management believes this approximates fair value. They will be subject to subsequent revaluation at the next anniversary date in accordance with the mandatory measurement framework detailed above.

Revaluation

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of assets are credited to a revaluation surplus in equity. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are recognised against revaluation surplus directly in equity. All other decreases are recognised in profit or loss.

Land under roads

In Western Australia, all land under roads is Crown Land, the responsibility for managing which, is vested in the local government.

Effective as at 1 July 2008, Council elected not to recognise any value for land under roads acquired on or before 30 June 2008. This accords with the treatment available in Australian Accounting Standard AASB 1051 Land Under Roads and the fact Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16(a)(i) prohibits local governments from recognising such land as an asset.

In respect of land under roads acquired on or after 1 July 2008, as detailed above, Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16(a)(i) prohibits local governments from recognising such land as an asset.

Whilst such treatment is inconsistent with the requirements of AASB 1051, Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 4(2) provides, in the event of such an inconsistency, the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations prevail.

Consequently, any land under roads acquired on or after 1 July 2008 is not included as an asset of the Shire.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Fixed Assets (Continued)

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including buildings but excluding freehold land, are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the individual asset's useful life from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the improvements.

When an item of property, plant and equipment is revalued, any accumulated depreciation at the date of the revaluation is treated in one of the following ways:

- a) Restated proportionately with the change in the gross carrying amount of the asset so that the carrying amount of the asset after revaluation equals its revalued amount; or
- b) Eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Major depreciation periods used for each class of depreciable asset are:

Buildings	30 - 50 years	2.0% - 3.3%
Furniture and Equipment	10 years	10%
Plant and Equipment	10 years	10%
Infrastructure		
- Sealed Roads		
R/Base	50 years	2%
Bitumen	10 years	10%
- Gravel Roads		
R/Base	50 years	2%
Bitumen	10 years	10%
- Formed/Unsealed Roads		
R/Base	50 years	2%
- Footpaths	10 years	10%
- Water Drainage	40 years	2.5%
- Airstrip		
G/Sheet	10 years	10%
Bitumen	10 years	10%

The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

Capitalisation threshold

Expenditure on items of equipment under \$5,000 is not capitalised. Rather, it is recorded on an asset inventory listing.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

When performing a revaluation, the Shire uses a mix of both independent and management valuations using the following as a guide:

Fair Value is the price that the Shire would receive to sell the asset or would have to pay to transfer a liability, in an orderly (i.e. unforced) transaction between independent, knowledgeable and willing market participants at the measurement date.

As fair value is a market-based measure, the closest equivalent observable market pricing information is used to determine fair value. Adjustments to market values may be made having regard to the characteristics of the specific asset or liability. The fair values of assets that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data.

To the extent possible, market information is extracted from either the principal market for the asset or liability (i.e. the market with the greatest volume and level of activity for the asset or liability) or, in the absence of such a market, the most advantageous market available to the entity at the end of the reporting period (i.e. the market that maximises the receipts from the sale of the asset after taking into account transaction costs and transport costs).

For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement also takes into account a market participant's ability to use the asset in its highest and best use or to sell it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

Fair value hierarchy

AASB 13 requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categorises fair value measurement into one of three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

Valuation techniques

The Shire selects a valuation technique that is appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value. The availability of sufficient and relevant data primarily depends on the specific characteristics of the asset or liability being measured. The valuation techniques selected by the Shire are consistent with one or more of the following valuation approaches:

Market approach

Valuation techniques that use prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions for identical or similar assets or liabilities.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities (Continued)

Income approach

Valuation techniques that convert estimated future cash flows or income and expenses into a single discounted present value.

Cost approach

Valuation techniques that reflect the current replacement cost of an asset at its current service capacity.

Each valuation technique requires inputs that reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risks. When selecting a valuation technique, the Shire gives priority to those techniques that maximise the use of observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. Inputs that are developed using market data (such as publicly available information on actual transactions) and reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would generally use when pricing the asset or liability are considered observable, whereas inputs for which market data is not available and therefore are developed using the best information available about such assumptions are considered unobservable.

As detailed above, the mandatory measurement framework imposed by the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations requires, as a minimum, all assets carried at a revalued amount to be revalued in accordance with the regulatory framework.

(h) Financial Instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Shire becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the Shire commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified 'at fair value through profit or loss', in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately.

Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, or at cost.

Amortised cost is calculated as:

- (a) the amount in which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition;
- (b) less principal repayments and any reduction for impairment; and
- (c) plus or minus the cumulative amortisation of the difference, if any, between the amount initially recognised and the maturity amount calculated using the effective interest rate method.

The effective interest method is used to allocate interest income or interest expense over the relevant period and is equivalent to the rate that discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts (including fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life (or when this cannot be reliably predicted, the contractual term) of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. Revisions to expected future net cash flows will necessitate an adjustment to the carrying value with a consequential recognition of an income or expense in profit or loss.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Financial Instruments (Continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement (continued)

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

Financial assets are classified at "fair value through profit or loss" when they are held for trading for the purpose of short-term profit taking. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in carrying amount being included in profit or loss. Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

(ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Loans and receivables are included in current assets where they are expected to mature within 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

(iii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments that the Shire has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Held-to-maturity investments are included in current assets, where they are expected to mature within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. All other investments are classified as non-current.

(iv) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either not suitable to be classified into other categories of financial assets due to their nature, or they are designated as such by management. They comprise investments in the equity of other entities where there is neither a fixed maturity nor fixed or determinable payments.

They are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in such fair value (i.e. gains or losses) recognised in other comprehensive income (except for impairment losses). When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss pertaining to that asset previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified into profit or loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets are included in current assets, where they are expected to be sold within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. All other available-for-sale financial assets are classified as non-current.

(v) Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Financial Instruments (Continued)

Impairment

A financial asset is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events (a "loss event") having occurred, which will have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset(s).

In the case of available-for-sale financial assets, a significant or prolonged decline in the market value of the instrument is considered a loss event. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss immediately. Also, any cumulative decline in fair value previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss at this point.

In the case of financial assets carried at amortised cost, loss events may include: indications that the debtors or a group of debtors are experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; indications that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; and changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost (including loans and receivables), a separate allowance account is used to reduce the carrying amount of financial assets impaired by credit losses. After having taken all possible measures of recovery, if management establishes that the carrying amount cannot be recovered by any means, at that point the written-off amounts are charged to the allowance account or the carrying amount of impaired financial assets is reduced directly if no impairment amount was previously recognised in the allowance account.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expire or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the Shire no longer has any significant continual involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset.

Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of the consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

(i) Impairment of Assets

In accordance with Australian Accounting Standards the Shire's assets, other than inventories, are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication they may be impaired.

Where such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount.

Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard (e.g. AASB 116) whereby any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that other Standard.

For non-cash generating assets such as roads, drains, public buildings and the like, value in use is represented by the depreciated replacement cost of the asset.

(j) Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Shire prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the Shire becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services. The amounts are unsecured, are recognised as a current liability and are normally paid within 30 days of recognition.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Employee Benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Provision is made for the Shire's obligations for short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

The Shire's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and sick leave are recognised as a part of current trade and other payables in the statement of financial position. The Shire's obligations for employees' annual leave and long service leave entitlements are recognised as provisions in the statement of financial position.

Other long-term employee benefits

Provision is made for employees' long service leave and annual leave entitlements not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee departures and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the obligations. Any remeasurements for changes in assumptions of obligations for other long-term employee benefits are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the changes occur.

The Shire's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current provisions in its statement of financial position, except where the Shire does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current provisions.

(I) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense when incurred except where they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset. Where this is the case, they are capitalised as part of the cost of the particular asset until such time as the asset is substantially ready for its intended use or sale.

(m) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Shire has a present legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

(n) Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not legal ownership, are transferred to the Shire, are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised recording an asset and a liability at the lower amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term.

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the lease term.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(o) Investment in Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Shire has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial operating policy decisions of that entity but is not control or joint control of those policies. Investments in associates are accounted for in the financial statements by applying the equity method of accounting, whereby the investment is initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the Shire's share of net assets of the associate. In addition, the Shire's share of the profit or loss of the associate is included in the Shire's profit or loss.

The carrying amount of the investment includes, where applicable, goodwill relating to the associate. Any discount on acquisition, whereby the Shire's share of the net fair value of the associate exceeds the cost of investment, is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

Profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Shire and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the Shire's interest in the associate.

When the Shire's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, the Shire discontinues recognising its share of further losses unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. When the associate subsequently makes profits, the Shire will resume recognising its share of those profits once its share of the profits equals the share of the losses not recognised.

(p) Interests in Joint Arrangements

Joint arrangements represent the contractual sharing of control between parties in a business venture where unanimous decisions about relevant activities are required.

Separate joint venture entities providing joint venturers with an interest to net assets are classified as a joint venture and accounted for using the equity method. Refer to note 1(o) for a description of the equity method of accounting.

Joint venture operations represent arrangements whereby joint operators maintain direct interests in each asset and exposure to each liability of the arrangement. The Shire's interests in the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses of joint operations are included in the respective line items of the financial statements. Information about the joint ventures is set out in Note 16.

(g) Rates, Grants, Donations and Other Contributions

Rates, grants, donations and other contributions are recognised as revenues when the local government obtains control over the assets comprising the contributions.

Control over assets acquired from rates is obtained at the commencement of the rating period or, where earlier, upon receipt of the rates.

Where contributions recognised as revenues during the reporting period were obtained on the condition that they be expended in a particular manner or used over a particular period, and those conditions were undischarged as at the reporting date, the nature of and amounts pertaining to those undischarged conditions are disclosed in Note 2(c). That note also discloses the amount of contributions recognised as revenues in a previous reporting period which were obtained in respect of the local government's operations for the current reporting period.

(r) Superannuation

The Shire contributes to a number of Superannuation Funds on behalf of employees. All funds to which the Shire contributes are defined contribution plans.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(s) Current and Non-Current Classification

In the determination of whether an asset or liability is current or non-current, consideration is given to the time when each asset or liability is expected to be settled. The asset or liability is classified as current if it is expected to be settled within the next 12 months, being the Shire's operational cycle. In the case of liabilities where the Shire does not have the unconditional right to defer settlement beyond 12 months, such as vested long service leave, the liability is classified as current even if not expected to be settled within the next 12 months. Inventories held for trading are classified as current even if not expected to be realised in the next 12 months except for land held for sale where it is held as non-current based on the Shire's intentions to release for sale.

(t) Rounding Off Figures

All figures shown in this annual financial report, other than a rate in the dollar, are rounded to the nearest dollar.

(u) Comparative Figures

Where required, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

When the Shire applies an accounting policy retrospectively, makes a retrospective restatement or reclassifies items in its financial statement, an additional (third) statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period in addition to the minimum comparative financial statements is presented.

(v) Budget Comparative Figures

Unless otherwise stated, the budget comparative figures shown in this annual financial report relate to the original budget estimate for the relevant item of disclosure.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(w) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations for Application in Future Periods

The AASB has issued a number of new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods, some of which are relevant to the Shire.

Management's assessment of the new and amended pronouncements that are relevant to the Shire, applicable to future reporting periods and which have not yet been adopted are set out as follows:

Title	Issued / Compiled	Applicable ⁽¹⁾	Impact
(i) AASB 9 Financial Instruments (incorporating AASB 2014-7 and AASB 2014-8)	December 2014	1 January 2018	Nil – The objective of this Standard is to improve and simplify the approach for classification and measurement of financial assets compared with the requirements of AASB 139. Given the nature of the financial assets of the Shire, it is not anticipated the Standard will have any material effect.
(ii) AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers	December 2014	1 January 2018	This Standard establishes principles for entities to apply to report useful information to users of financial statements about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from a contract with a customer.
			The effect of this Standard will depend upon the nature of future transactions the Shire has with those third parties it has dealings with. It may or may not be significant.
(iii) AASB 16 Leases	February 2016	1 January 2019	Under AASB 16 there is no longer a distinction between finance and operating leases. Lessees will now bring to account a right-to-use asset and lease liability onto their statement of financial position for all leases. Effectively this means the vast majority of operating leases as defined by the current AASB 117 Leases which currently do not impact the statement of financial position will be required to be capitalised on the statement of financial position once AASB 16 is adopted.
		Dogo 20	Currently, operating lease payments are expensed as incurred. This will cease and will be replaced by both depreciation and interest charges. Based on the current number of operating leases held by the Shire, the impact is not expected to be significant.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(w) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations for Application in Future Periods (Continued)

·	Title	Issued / Compiled	Applicable ⁽¹⁾	Impact
(iv)	AASB 2014-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations [AASB 1 & AASB 11]	August 2014	1 January 2016	This Standard amends AASB 11: <i>Joint Arrangements</i> to require the acquirer of an interest (both initial and additional) in a joint operation in which the activity constitutes a business, as defined in AASB 3: <i>Business Combinations</i> , to apply all of the principles on business combinations accounting in AASB 3 and other Australian Accounting Standards except for those principles that conflict with the guidance in AASB 11; and disclose the information required by AASB 3 and other Australian Accounting Standards for business combinations.
				Since adoption of this Standard would impact only acquisitions of interests in joint operations on or after 1 January 2016, management believes it is impracticable at this stage to provide a reasonable estimate of such impact on the Shire's financial statements.
(v)	AASB 2014-4 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation [AASB 116 & 138]	August 2014	1 January 2016	This Standard amends AASB 116 and AASB 138 to establish the principle for the basis of depreciation and amortisation as being the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits of an asset. It also clarifies the use of revenue-based methods to calculate the depreciation of an asset is not appropriate nor is revenue generally an appropriate basis for measuring the consumption of the economic benefits embodied in an intangible asset.
				Given the Shire curently uses the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits of an asset as the basis of calculation of depreciation, it is not expected to have a significant impact.
(vi)	AASB 2014-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 15	December 2014	1 January 2017	Consequential changes to various Standards arising from the issuance of AASB 15.
				It will require changes to reflect the impact of AASB 15.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(w) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations for Application in Future Periods (Continued)

	Title	Issued / Compiled	Applicable ⁽¹⁾	Impact
(vii)	AASB 2015-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure Initiative: Amendments to AASB 101 [AASB 7, 101, 134 & 1049]	January 2015	1 January 2016	This Standard amends AASB 101 to provide clarification regarding the disclosure requirements in AASB 101. Specifically, the Standard proposes narrow-focus amendments to address some of the concerns expressed about existing presentation and disclosure requirements and to ensure entities are able to use judgement when applying a Standard in determining what information to disclose in their financial statements.
				This Standard also makes editorial and consequential amendments as a result of amendments to the Standards listed in the title column.
				It is not anticipated it will have any significant impact on disclosures as they currently exist and any changes will relate to presentation.
(viii)	AASB 2015-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Extending Related Party Disclosures to Not-for-Profit Public	March 2015	1 July 2016	The objective of this Standard is to extend the scope of AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures to include not-for-profit sector entities.
	Sector Entities			The Standard is expected to have a significant disclosure impact on the financial report of the Shire as both Elected Members and Senior
	[AASB 10, 124 & 1049]			Management will be deemed to be Key Management Personnel and resultant disclosures will be necessary.

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Applicable to reporting periods commencing on or after the given date.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(x) Adoption of New and Revised Accounting Standards

During the current year, the Shire adopted all of the new and revised Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations which were compiled, became mandatory and which were applicable to its operations.

These new and revised standards were as follows:

- (i) AASB 2015-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the withdrawal of AASB 1031 Materiality
- (ii) AASB 2015-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Fair Value Disclosures of Not-for-Profit Public Sector Entities

2.	REVENUE AND EXPENSES		2016 \$	2015 \$
(a)	Net Result		•	•
	The Net result includes:			
	(i) Charging as an expense:			
	Auditors remuneration - Audit of the Annual Financial Report		22,436	19,500
	- Other Services		2,080	14,891
	Depreciation			
	Buildings - non-specialised		55,265	50,600
	Buildings - specialised		136,992	161,026
	Furniture and equipment		8,645	4,987
	Plant and equipment		91,358	76,946
	Roads		513,635	512,239
	Footpaths		14,252	14,438
	Drainage		0	3,474
	Airstrip		9,980	30,234
	Water		13,253	2,331
	Other		78,831	73,361
			922,211	929,636
	Interest expenses (finance costs)			
	Debentures (refer Note 21 (a))		16,205	19,545
			16,205	19,545
	Rental charges			
	- Operating leases		60,992	65,896
			60,992	65,896
	(ii) Crediting as revenue:			
	Other revenue		070 407	400.007
	Reimbursements and recoveries		273,437	182,037
	Other		30,571 304,008	42,305 224,342
			304,000	224,342
		2016 Actual \$	2016 Budget \$	2015 Actual \$
	Interest earnings			
	- Loans receivable - clubs/institutions	2,027	0	0
	- Reserve funds	17,896	12,964	10,527
	- Other funds	22,266	25,000	33,010
	Other interest revenue (refer note 27)	10,741	5,500	10,130
		52,930	43,464	53,667

2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)

(b) Statement of Objective

The Shire of Trayning is dedicated to providing high quality services to the community through the various service orientated programs which it has established.

Shire of Trayning Mission Statement

To excel at providing fair, efficient and effective services and facilities which enhance the quality of life for all residents.

Shire of Trayning Vision Statement

The Shire of Trayning is an active, safe and vibrant community that works together with honesty and is respectful of the values of all. We are committed to a progressive, diverse and profitable community that supports healthy lifestyles sustained by good social values and engaged youth. Our natural assets are valued, protected and enhanced for future generations.

GOVERNANCE

Administration and operation of facilities and services to members of Council. Other costs relate to the tasks of assisting elected members and ratepayers on matters which do not concern specific Council services.

GENERAL PURPOSE FUNDING

Rates, general purpose government grants and interest revenue.

LAW, ORDER, PUBLIC SAFETY

Supervision of various local laws, fire prevention, emergency services and animals.

HEALTH

Food quality control, pest control, immunisation services and community health service inspection.

EDUCATION AND WELFARE

Operation of Home and Community Care services, assistance to playgroups and other voluntary services.

HOUSING

Maintenance of staff and rental housing.

COMMUNITY AMENITIES

Refuse collection services, operation of refuse sites, maintenance of cemeteries, septic tank inspection and pump out services, storm water drainage maintenance and regional development.

RECREATION AND CULTURE

Maintenance of halls, community centres, aquatic centre, recreation facilities and reserves, operation of library, TV retransmission and preparation of Shire history.

TRANSPORT

Construction and maintenance of streets and roads, cleaning and lighting of streets, depot maintenance, airstrip maintenance and vehicle licensing services.

ECONOMIC SERVICES

Regulation and provision of tourism, area promotion, building control, noxious weeds, vermin control and economic services.

OTHER PROPERTY & SERVICES

Private works operations, plant repairs and operation costs.

Closing

Closing

Oponing

2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)

(c)	Conditions	Over	Grants/Contributions
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Grant/Contribution	Function/ Activity	Balance ⁽¹⁾ 1/07/14 \$	Received ⁽²⁾ 2014/15 \$	Expended ⁽³⁾ 2014/15 \$	Balance ⁽¹⁾ 30/06/15 \$	Received ⁽²⁾ 2015/16 \$	Expended ⁽³⁾ 2015/16 \$	Balance 30/06/16 \$
Dept. of Agriculture - Dry Season Assistance MRWA - Grain Freight Route	GPF Transprt	1,398 116,038	469,600	(1,398) (585,638)	0 0			0
Dept. of Regional Development & Lands - CLGF (Individual) - Accommodation Units	Housing	347,999	0	(54,695)	293,304 (**)	0	(293,304)	0
Dept. of Regional Development & Lands - CLGF (Regional) - Accommodation Units	Housing	0	735,260	0	735,260 (**)	0	(735,260)	0
NEWROC - Biofund NRM - Biodiversity Grant	Economic Services Economic Services	442,265 15,477	491,128 0	(648,157) (7,011)	285,236 8,466	440,480 0	(487,574) (4,582)	238,142 3,884
Wheatbelt Development Commission - Creating Aged Friendly Communities	Education & Welfare	0	44,374	0	44,374	0	(44,374)	0
Department of Water - Community Water Grant	Economic Services	0	40,920	(37,896)	3,024	0	(3,024)	0
Department of Infrastructure & Regional Development - Roads to Recovery Grant	Transprt	0	0	0	0	604,571	(567,451)	37,120
Total		923,177	1,781,282	(1,334,795)	1,369,664	1,045,051	(2,135,569)	279,146

Notes:

- (1) Grants/contributions recognised as revenue in a previous reporting period which were not expended at the close of the previous reporting period.
- (2) New grants/contributions which were recognised as revenues during the reporting period and which had not yet been fully expended in the manner specified by the contributor.
- (3) Grants/contributions which had been recognised as revenues in a previous reporting period or received in the current reporting period and which were expended in the current reporting period in the manner specified by the contributor.

- Unspent Grants have been represented as follows:	2015/16	2014/15
	\$	\$
Muni Funds Restricted - Note 3	279,146	341,100
(**) Unspent Grants Reserve - Note 3	0	1,028,564
	279,146	1,369,664

	Note	2016 \$	2015 \$
3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
Cash on Hand - Unrestricted Cash at Bank - Municipal Restricted - Reserves		400 412,625 1,092,747 1,505,772	400 1,300,044 1,686,582 2,987,026
Cash at Bank - Municipal			
Unrestricted Cash Restricted Cash (refer to note 2(c))		133,479 279,146 412,625	958,944 341,100 1,300,044
The following restrictions have been imposed by regulations or other externally imposed requirements:			
Leave reserve Plant reserve Building reserve Facilities Reserve Medical Reserve Rubbish Tip Reserve Swimming Pool Reserve Unspent Grants & Loans Reserve Community Recreation Centre Reserve	11 11 11 11 11 11 11	28,509 355,061 8,792 7,249 53,404 28,719 8,639 350,000 252,374 1,092,747	27,715 207,423 8,547 7,047 51,916 14,157 8,399 1,162,939 198,439 1,686,582
4. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
Current Rates outstanding Sundry debtors GST receivable Loans receivable - clubs/institutions Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts Accrued Income Prepayments		126,419 67,456 58,104 4,010 (67,821) 4,149 0	112,799 121,859 0 3,866 (48,690) 4,629 9,644 204,107
Non-current Rates outstanding - pensioners Loans receivable - clubs/institutions		41,355 35,243 76,598	40,453 39,253 79,706
5. INVENTORIES			
Current Fuel and materials		24,086 24,086	48,194 48,194

6 (a).

	2016 \$	2015 \$
. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
Land and buildings		
Land - freehold at:		
- Independent Valuation 2014 - Level 2	236,000	236,000
- Indepenent Valuation 2014 - Level 3	24,000	24,000
	260,000	260,000
	260,000	260,000
Buildings - non-specialised at:		
- Independent Valuation 2014 - Level 2	1,690,000	1,860,000
- Additions after valuation - cost	323,773	318,243
Less: accumulated depreciation	(97,823)	(50,600)
	1,915,950	2,127,643
Buildings - specialised at:		
- Independent Valuation 2014 - Level 3	10,350,756	10,350,756
- Additions after valuation - cost	1,461,028	97,935
Less: accumulated depreciation	(3,620,105)	(3,483,113)
	8,191,679	6,965,578
	10,107,629	9,093,221
Total land and buildings	10,367,629	9,353,221
Furniture and equipment at:		
- Management Valuation 2013 - Level 3	0	49,875
- Management Valuation 2016 - Level 2	12,704	0
- Management Valuation 2016 - Level 3	45,913	0
- Additions after valuation - cost	0	28,527
Less accumulated depreciation	0	(9,974)
	58,617	68,428
Plant and equipment at:		
- Independent Valuation 2013 - Level 2	0	714,546
- Management Valuation 2013 - Level 3	0	1,194
- Independent Valuation 2016 - Level 2	615,909	0
- Additions after valuation - cost	0	117,976
Less accumulated depreciation	0	(146,813)
	615,909	686,903
Works in Progress	0	684
	11,042,155	10,109,236

The fair value of property, plant and equipment is determined at least every three years in accordance with the regulatory framework. Additions since the date of valuation are shown as cost, given they were acquired at arms length and any accumulated depreciation reflects the usage of service potential, it is considered the recorded written down value approximates fair value. At the end of each intervening period the valuation is reviewed and where appropriate the fair value is updated to reflect current market conditions. This process is considered to be in accordance with Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A (2) which requires property, plant and equipment to be shown at fair value.

6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

(b) Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts of each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	Balance at the Beginning of the Year \$	Additions \$	(Disposals) \$	Revaluation Increments/ (Decrements) Transferred to Revaluation	Revaluation (Losses)/ Reversals Through to Profit or Loss	Other \$	Depreciation (Expense) \$	Transfers \$	Carrying Amount at the End of Year \$
Land - freehold	260,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	260,000
Total land	260,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	260,000
Buildings - non-specialised	2,127,643	5,530	(161,958)	0	0	0	(55,265)	0	1,915,950
Buildings - specialised Total buildings	6,965,578 9,093,221	1,622,416 1,627,946	<u>(161,958)</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	(136,992) (192,257)	(259,323) (259,323)	8,191,679 10,107,629
Total land and buildings	9,353,221	1,627,946	(161,958)	0	0	0	(192,257)	(259,323)	10,367,629
Furniture and equipment	68,428	13,650	(3,096)	(2,872)	0	0	(8,645)	(8,848)	58,617
Plant and equipment	686,903	123,407	(2,109)	(83,752)	0	0	(91,358)	(17,182)	615,909
Works in Progress	684	0	0	0	0	(684)	0	0	0
Total property, plant and equipment	10,109,236	1,765,003	(167,163)	(86,624)	0	(684)	(292,260)	(285,353)	11,042,155

6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

(c) Fair Value Measurements

Asset Class	Fair Value Hierarchy	Valuation Technique	Basis of valuation	Date of last Valuation	Inputs used
Land and buildings					
Land - freehold	2	Market approach using recent observable market data for similar properties	Independent registered valuers	June 2014	Price per hectare
Land - freehold	3	Improvements to land valued using cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Independent registered valuers	June 2014	Improvements to land using construction costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs
Buildings - non-specialised	2	Market approach using recent observable market data for similar properties	Independent registered valuers	June 2014	Price per square metre
Buildings - specialised	3	Improvements to land valued using cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Independent registered valuers	June 2014	Improvements to land using construction costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs
Furniture and equipment	2	Market approach using recent observable market data for similar items	Management valuation	June 2016	Price per item
Furniture and equipment	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Management valuation	June 2016	Purchase costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs
Plant and equipment	2	Market approach using recent observable market data for similar items	Independent registered valuers	June 2016	Price per item

Level 3 inputs are based on assumptions with regards to future values and patterns of consumption utilising current information. If the basis of these assumptions were varied, they have the potential to result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.

During the period there were no changes in the valuation techniques used by the local government to determine the fair value of property, plant and equipment using either level 2 or level 3 inputs.

	2016	2015
- ()	\$	\$
7 (a). INFRASTRUCTURE		
Roads		
- Management Valuation 2015 - Level 3	71,194,015	71,194,015
- Additions after valuation - cost	1,103,031	0
Less accumulated depreciation	(13,444,716)	(12,931,081)
	58,852,330	58,262,934
Footpaths		
- Management Valuation 2015 - Level 3	1,071,597	1,071,597
Less accumulated depreciation	(734,537)	(720,285)
	337,060	351,312
Airstrip		
- Management Valuation 2015 - Level 3	891,072	891,072
Less accumulated depreciation	(78,927)	(68,947)
	812,145	822,125
Water		
- Management Valuation 2015 - Level 3	657,000	657,000
Less accumulated depreciation	(441,253)_	(428,000)
	215,747	229,000
Other		
- Independent Valuation 2014 - Level 3	2,678,064	2,678,064
 Additions after valuation - cost 	455,302	157,636
Less accumulated depreciation	(719,074)	(631,660)
	2,414,292	2,204,040
	62,631,574	61,869,411

The fair value of infrastructure is determined at least every three years in accordance with the regulatory framework. Additions since the date of valuation are shown as cost. Given they were acquired at arms length and any accumulated depreciation reflects the usage of service potential, it is considered the recorded written down value approximates fair value. At the end of each intervening period the valuation is reviewed and, where appropriate, the fair value is updated to reflect current market conditions. This process is considered to be in accordance with Local *Government (Financial Management)Regulation 17A (2)* which requires infrastructure to be shown at fair value.

7. INFRASTRUCTURE (Continued)

(b) Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts of each class of infrastructure between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	Balance as at the Beginning of the Year	Additions	(Disposals)	Revaluation Increments/ (Decrements) Transferred to Revaluation	Revaluation (Loss)/ Reversal Transferred to Profit or Loss	Impairment (Losses)/ Reversals	Depreciation (Expense)	Transfers	Carrying Amount at the End of the Year
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Roads	58,262,934	1,103,031	0	0	0	0	(513,635)	0	58,852,330
Footpaths	351,312	0	0	0	0	0	(14,252)	0	337,060
Airstrip	822,125	0	0	0	0	0	(9,980)	0	812,145
Water	229,000	0	0	0	0	0	(13,253)	0	215,747
Other	2,204,040	3,730	0	0	0	0	(78,831)	285,353	2,414,292
Total infrastructure	61,869,411	1,106,761	0	0	0	0	(629,951)	285,353	62,631,574

7. INFRASTRUCTURE (Continued)

(c) Fair Value Measurements

Asset Class	Fair Value Hierarchy	Valuation Technique	Basis of valuation	Date of last Valuation	Inputs used
Roads	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Management valuation	June 2015	Construction costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs
Footpaths	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Management valuation	June 2015	Construction costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs
Airstrip	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Management valuation	June 2015	Construction costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs
Water	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Management valuation	June 2015	Construction costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs
Other	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Independent registered valuers	June 2014	Construction costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs

Level 3 inputs are based on assumptions with regards to future values and patterns of consumption utilising current information. If the basis of these assumptions were varied, they have the potential to result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.

During the period there were no changes in the valuation techniques used to determine the fair value of infrastructure using level 3 inputs.

	2016 \$	2015 \$
8. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
Current Sundry Creditors GST Payable	119,458 0	149,047 2,171
PAYG Payable FBT Liability Accrued Interest on Loans Accrued Salaries and Wages	17,771 10,523 3,946 42,940 194,638	13,414 8,996 4,920 35,080 213,628
9. LONG-TERM BORROWINGS		
Current Secured by floating charge Debentures	96,013 96,013	111,470 111,470
Non-current Secured by floating charge Debentures	630,902 630,902	306,915 306,915
Additional detail on borrowings is provided in Note 21.		

10. PROVISIONS

	Provision for Annual Leave \$	Provision for Long Service Leave \$	Total \$
Opening balance at 1 July 2015			
Current provisions	51,633	94,497	146,130
Non-current provisions		9,979	9,979
	51,633	104,476	156,109
Additional provision	15,034	0	15,034
Amounts used	0	(4,723)	(4,723)
Balance at 30 June 2016	66,667	99,753	166,420
Comprises			
Current	66,667	81,443	148,110
Non-current	0	18,310	18,310
	66,667	99,753	166,420

11. RESERVES - CASH BACKED

	Actual 2016 Opening Balance \$	Actual 2016 Transfer to	Actual 2016 Transfer (from) \$	Actual 2016 Closing Balance \$	Budget 2016 Opening Balance \$	Budget 2016 Transfer to \$	Budget 2016 Transfer (from) \$	Budget 2016 Closing Balance \$	Actual 2015 Opening Balance \$	Actual 2015 Transfer to	Actual 2015 Transfer (from) \$	Actual 2015 Closing Balance \$
Leave reserve	27,715	794	0	28,509	27,359	693		28,052	26,682	1,033		27,715
Plant reserve	207,423	238,638	(91,000)	355,061	204,762	237,536	(91,000)	351,298	210,437	206,986	(210,000)	207,423
Building reserve	8,547	245	0	8,792	8,458	25,000	0	33,458	8,249	298	0	8,547
Facilities Reserve	7,047	202	0	7,249	7,047	176	0	7,223	6,835	212	0	7,047
Medical Reserve	51,916	1,488	0	53,404	51,251	1,298	0	52,549	49,982	1,934	0	51,916
Rubbish Tip Reserve	14,157	14,562	0	28,719	14,039	354	0	14,393	13,641	516	0	14,157
Swimming Pool Reserve	8,399	240	0	8,639	8,312	210	0	8,522	8,116	283	0	8,399
Unspent Grants & Loans Reserve	1,162,939	350,000	(1,162,939)	350,000	1,162,941	0	(1,162,941)	0	923,177	1,163,141	(923,379)	1,162,939
Community Recreation Centre Reserve	198,439	53,935	0	252,374	197,131	50,662	(185,000)	62,793	108,832	194,607	(105,000)	198,439
	1,686,582	660,104	(1,253,939)	1,092,747	1,681,300	315,929	(1,438,941)	558,288	1,355,951	1,569,010	(1,238,379)	1,686,582

All of the reserve accounts are supported by money held in financial institutions and match the amount shown as restricted cash in Note 3 to this financial report.

In accordance with council resolutions in relation to each reserve account, the purpose for which the reserves are set aside and their anticipated date of use are as follows:

	Anticipated	
Name of Reserve	date of use	Purpose of the reserve
Leave reserve	Ongoing	- to be used to fund annual and long service leave requirements.
Plant reserve	Ongoing	- to be used for the purchase of major plant.
Building reserve	Ongoing	- to be used for the construction of housing and other facilities.
Facilities Reserve	Ongoing	- to be used to provide new facilities to the shire.
Medical Reserve	Ongoing	- to be used to maintain the services of a doctor and other medical services.
Rubbish Tip Reserve	Ongoing	- to be used to upgrade and expand rubbish tips within the Shire.
Swimming Pool Reserve	Ongoing	- to be used upgrade the swimming pool and aquatic centre facilities.
Unspent Grants & Loans Reserve	Ongoing	- to be used to set aside grant and loan funds received and committed to be spent on specific projects or in future financial reporting periods.
Community Recreation Centre Reserve	June 2017	- to be used for the construction of a Community Recreation Centre

12. REVALUATION SURPLUS

				2016					2015	
	2016	2016	2016	Total	2016	2015	2015	2015	Total	2015
	Opening	Revaluation	Revaluation	Movement on	Closing	Opening	Revaluation	Revaluation	Movement on	Closing
	Balance	Increment	Decrement	Revaluation	Balance	Balance	Increment	Decrement	Revaluation	Balance
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Land and buildings	5,629,650	0	0	0	5,629,650	5,629,650	0	0	0	5,629,650
Furniture and equipment	16,290	0	(2,872)	(2,872)	13,418	16,290	0	0	0	16,290
Plant and equipment	167,051	0	(83,752)	(83,752)	83,299	167,051	0	0	0	167,051
Roads	44,605,609	0	0	0	44,605,609	0	44,605,609	0	44,605,609	44,605,609
Footpaths	324,341	0	0	0	324,341	0	324,341	0	324,341	324,341
Airstrip	734,439	0	0	0	734,439	0	734,439	0	734,439	734,439
Water	190,556	0	0	0	190,556	0	190,556	0	190,556	190,556
Other	1,616,985	0	0	0	1,616,985	1,616,985	0	0	0	1,616,985
	53,284,921	0	(86,624)	(86,624)	53,198,297	7,429,976	45,854,945	0	45,854,945	53,284,921
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										

Movements on revaluation of fixed assets are not able to be reliably attributed to a program as the assets were revalued by class as provided for by AASB 116 Aus 40.1.

13. NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Reconciliation of Cash

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash and cash equivalents, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Cash at the end of the reporting period is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

		2016 \$	2016 Budget \$	2015 \$
	Cash and cash equivalents	1,505,772	618,884	2,987,026
(b)	Reconciliation of Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities to Net Result			
	Net result	(38,405)	(257,985)	2,406,355
	Non-cash flows in Net result: Depreciation (Profit)/Loss on sale of asset Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase)/Decrease in receivables (Increase)/Decrease in inventories (Increase)/Decrease in work in progress	922,211 52,163 11,032 24,108 684	969,595 106,133 25,200 (2,500)	929,636 8,325 447,718 (9,599) 0
	Increase/(Decrease) in payables Increase/(Decrease) in provisions Grants contributions for the development of assets Net cash from operating activities	(18,990) 10,311 (968,917) (5,803)	(75,000) 0 (1,058,640) (293,197)	(236,319) 858 (2,442,183) 1,104,791
(c)	Undrawn Borrowing Facilities Credit Standby Arrangements Bank overdraft limit Credit card limit Credit card balance at balance date Total amount of credit unused	2016 \$ 200,000 7,000 (1,720) 205,280		2015 \$ 200,000 7,000 0 207,000
	Loan facilities Loan facilities - current Loan facilities - non-current Total facilities in use at balance date Unused loan facilities at balance date	96,013 630,902 726,915 350,000		111,470 306,915 418,385 134,376

14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Council have no Contingent Liabilities at 30 June 2016.

15. CAPITAL AND LEASING COMMITMENTS	2016 \$	2015 \$
(a) Operating Lease Commitments		
Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised in the	e accounts.	
Payable: - not later than one year - later than one year but not later than five years (b) Capital Expenditure Commitments	20,425 0 20,425	60,992 20,425 81,417
Contracted for:		
- capital expenditure projects	479,112	0
Payable: - not later than one year	479,112	0

The capital expenditure project outstanding amount of \$479,112 at the end of the current reporting period is for the upgrade of the Community Recreation Centre.

Capital expenditure commitment figures above are excluding GST.

16. JOINT VENTURE ARRANGEMENTS

The Shire together with the Shires of Wyalkatchem, Koorda and Mt Marshall have a joint venture arrangement with regard to the provision of an Environmental Health Service. The assets previously identified no longer exist and have consequently been removed from the asset register during the 2012/2013 year.

The Shire together with the Shires of Mt Marshall, Mukinbudin and Nungarin have a joint venture arrangement with regard to the Kununoppin Medical Practice. There are no Assets. Council has a percentage based agreement with the other shires, whereby income and expenditure is split four ways as follows: Shire of Trayning 30%, Shire of Mt Marshall 30%, Shire of Mukinbudin 30%, Nungarin 10%. There is no profit on this Joint Venture.

17. TOTAL ASSETS CLASSIFIED BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

	2016 \$	2015 \$
Governance	1,199,707	2,018,240
General purpose funding Law, order, public safety	167,774 97,117	153,252 98,383
Health Education and welfare	53,404 248,047	51,916 298,101
Housing Community amenities	4,343,505 211,980	4,336,361 199,855
Recreation and culture Transport	6,304,913 60,950,850	5,985,616 60,233,136
Economic services Other property and services	822,725 982,083	769,484 1,038,179
Unallocated	90,397 75,472,502	115,157 75,297,680

	2016	2015	2014		
18. FINANCIAL RATIOS					
Current ratio	0.85	2.73	0.89		
Asset sustainability ratio	1.12	1.79	4.01		
Debt service cover ratio	(0.54)	11.92	3.03		
Operating surplus ratio	(0.67)	0.37	4.51		
Own source revenue coverage ratio	0.40	0.37	0.37		
The above ratios are calculated as follows:					
Current ratio	current assets minus restricted assets				
		ities minus liabilitie			
	V	vith restricted asse	ts		
Asset sustainability ratio	capital renew	al and replacemer	nt expenditure		
	D	epreciation expens	ses		
Debt service cover ratio	annual operating s	urplus before intere	est and depreciation		
		principal and intere			
Operating surplus ratio	operating rev	enue minus opera	ting expenses		
		source operating re			
Own source revenue coverage ratio	own s	source operating re	venue		
-		operating expense			

Notes:

(a) Information relating to the **Asset Consumption Ratio** and **Asset Renewal Funding Ratio** can be can be found at Supplementary Ratio Information on Page 56 of this document.

(b) For 2016,

The Debt Service Cover and Operating Surplus ratios disclosed above were distorted by the change to the payment of FAGs during the year ended 30 June 2016 which saw the advance payment of the following year's grants cease. This created a timing difference which resulted in an amount of some \$748,031 less revenue for the year.

(c) For 2015,

The Current, Debt Service Cover and the Operating Surplus ratios as disclosed above were distorted by an item of revenue relating to the early payment of 2015/16 Financial Assistance Grants (FAG's) of \$748,031 which was received prior to year-end.

(d) For 2014,

The Debt Service Cover and Operating Surplus ratios disclosed above were distorted by the change to the payment of FAGs during the year ended 30 June 2014 which saw the advance payment of the first quarter of the following year cease. This created a timing difference which resulted in an amount of some \$682,286 less revenue for the year.

Items (b) to (d) mentioned above are considered "one-off" timing/non cash in nature and, if they are ignored, the calculations disclosed in the columns above would be as follows:

	2016	2015	2014
Current Ratio	As above	1.05	As above
Debt Service Cover Ratio	5.32	5.76	8.91
Operating Surplus Ratio	(0.17)	(0.18)	5.07

19. TRUST FUNDS

Funds held at balance date over which the Shire has no control and which are not included in the financial statements are as follows:

	1 July 2015 \$	Amounts Received \$	Amounts Paid (\$)	30 June 2016 \$
Football Club Funds	3,348	0	0	3,348
Councillor Nominations	0	320	(320)	0
Toy Library	771	0	0	771
Red FM Radio/Gym	317	0	0	317
Kununoppin Fire Brigade	500	0	0	500
Shire Housing Bonds	6,942	3,960	(2,594)	8,308
Trayning Golf Club	4,103	0	0	4,103
Badminton Funds	387	0	0	387
Unidentified Deposits	3,017	0	0	3,017
South Ninghan Catchment Group Funds	2,416	0	0	2,416
Repertory Funds	1,707	0	0	1,707
Aqua Bubble Donations	971	0	0	971
Ninghan Farm Focus Group	250	0	0	250
Ninghan Fitness Centre	707	470	(703)	474
Trayning Golf Club	0	1,800	0	1,800
Playgroup Funds	0	1,226	0	1,226
	25,436	•	•	29,595

20. DISPOSALS OF ASSETS - 2015/16 FINANCIAL YEAR

The following assets were disposed of during the year.

	Actual Net Book Value \$	Actual Sale Proceeds \$	Actual Profit \$	Actual Loss \$	Budget Net Book Value \$	Budget Sale Proceeds \$	Budget Profit \$	Budget Loss \$
Housing								
House - Lot 142 Adam St, Trayning	161,958	115,000	0	(46,958)	164,333	80,000	0	(84,333)
House - Lot 59 Glass St, Trayning	0	0	0	0	25,000	70,000	45,000	0
Recreation and culture								
Anglican Church - Trayning	0	0	0	0	121,800	25,000	0	(96,800)
Transport								
Old Tipper Bowl	0	0	0	0	0	30,000	30,000	0
F & E Under Threshold	3,096	0	0	(3,096)	0	0	0	0
P & E Under Threshold	2,109	0	0	(2,109)	0	0	0	0
	167,163	115,000	0	(52,163)	311,133	205,000	75,000	(181,133)

21. INFORMATION ON BORROWINGS

(a) Repayments - Debentures

	Principal 1 July 2015	New Loans	Princ Repayr Actual	-	Princ 30 June Actual	-	Inter Repayr Actual	
Particulars	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Housing								
Loan 63 - Construction of GEHA House	25,743	0	25,743	25,743	0	0	813	1,168
Recreation & Culture								
Loan 62 - Gymnasium Building & Equipment	5,163	0	5,163	5,162	0	1	142	150
Loan 69 - CRC Renovations	0	350,000	0	0	350,000	0	128	
Transport								
Loan 62 - Portion of Vibe Roller	3,933	0	3,933	3,933	0	0	108	114
Loan 66 - Grader	80,732	0	30,920	30,920	49,812	49,812	3,991	4,226
Economic services								
Loan 62 - Stage 1 Caravan Park Relocation	3,196	0	3,196	3,196	0	0	88	93
(Construction of Ablution Block)								
Loan 68 - Trayning Fuel Station	165,000	0	14,331	14,551	150,669	150,449	4,730	4,737
Loan 69 - Caravan Park Ablutions	0	0	0	0	0	200,000	0	0
Laon 70 - Trayning Fuel Station	0	70,000	0	0	70,000	70,000	20	0
Other property and services								
Loan 65 - Construction of Works Crew House	91,499	0	24,318	24,317	67,181	67,182	4,679	4,917
	375,266	420,000	107,604	107,822	687,662	537,444	14,699	15,405
Self Supporting Loans								
Recreation & Culture	40.440	•	0.000	0.007	00.050	00.050	4.500	4.550
Loan 67 - Bowls Surface (*)	43,119	0	3,866	3,867	39,253	39,252	1,506	1,556
	43,119	0	3,866	3,867	39,253	39,252	1,506	1,556
	418,385	420,000	111,470	111,689	726,915	576,696	16,205	16,961

Self supporting loan financed by payments from third parties.

All other loan repayments were financed by general purpose revenue.

21. INFORMATION ON BORROWINGS (Continued)

(b) New Debentures - 2015/16

	Amount B	orrowed		Loan	Term	Total Interest &	Interest	Amount	Used	Balance
Particulars/Purpose	Actual \$	Budget \$	Institution	Туре	(Years)	Charges \$	Rate %	Actual \$	Budget \$	Unspent \$
Loan 70 - Trayning Fuel Station	70,000	70,000	WATC	Debenture	10	10,272	2.69%	70,000	70,000	0
New Loan - Caravan Park Ablutions	0	200,000	WATC	Debenture	15	0	4.00%	0	200,000	0
Loan 69 - CRC Renovations	350,000	0	WATC	Debenture	20	132,628	3.34%	0	0	350,000
	420,000	270,000				142,900		70,000	270,000	350,000

(c) Unspent Debentures

Particulars	Date Borrowed	Balance 1 July 15 \$	Borrowed During Year \$	Expended During Year	Balance 30 June 16	
Loan 68 - Trayning Fuel Station	Jan 2015	134,376	0	(134,376)	0	@
Loan 69 - CRC Renovations	Jun 2016	0	350,000	Ú	350,000	#
		134,376	350,000	(134,376)	350,000	

^{@ -} The unspent loan funds were transferred to the Shire's Unspent Grants & Loans Reserve as at 30 June 2015.

(d) Overdraft

Overdraft - Council has an overdraft facility of \$200,000 with Westpac Bank which was taken out in June 2007. The balance of the bank overdraft at the bank as at 30 June 2015 and 30 June 2016 was \$Nil.

^{# -} The unspent loan funds have been transferred to the Shire's Unspent Grants & Loans Reserve as at 30 June 2016.

22. RATING INFORMATION - 2015/16 FINANCIAL YEAR

	Rate in	Number of Properties	Rateable Value	Rate Revenue	Interim Rates	Back Rates	Total Revenue	Budget Rate Revenue	Budget Interim Rate	Budget Back Rate	Budget Total Revenue
RATE TYPE			\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
General Rate											
Gross rental value valuations											
GRV - Kununoppin / Trayning/Yelbeni	21.2192	108	588,236	124,819	(605)	0	124,214	124,819	0	0	124,819
GRV - Commercial	21.2192	12	84,010	17,826	0	0		17,826	0	0	17,826
Unimproved value valuations			- ,	,			,	,			,
UV - Rural	1.9465	207	41,353,500	804,946	0	0	804,946	805,491	0	0	805,491
Sub-Total		327	42,025,746	947,591	(605)	0	946,986	948,136	0	0	948,136
	Minimum				` ',		,	•	•	•	ŕ
Minimum payment	\$										
Gross rental value valuations											
GRV - Kununoppin / Trayning/Yelbeni	300	36	13,148	10,800	0	0	,	10,800	0	0	10,800
GRV - Commercial	300	2	455	600	0	0	600	600	0	0	600
Unimproved value valuations											
UV - Rural	300	5	42,400	1,500	0	0	1,500	1,500	0	0	1,500
Sub-Total		43	56,003	12,900	0	0	12,900	12,900	0	0	12,900
		370	42,081,749	960,491	(605)	0	959,886	961,036	0	0	961,036
Discounts/concessions (refer note 26)							(37,705)				(35,000)
Total amount raised from general rate							922,181				926,036
Specified Area Rate (refer note 24)							0				0
Movement in Excess Rates							432				0
Ex-gratia rates							11,756				11,757
Rates Written Off							(835)				(5,000)
Totals							933,534			L	932,793

23. NET CURRENT ASSETS

Composition of net current assets

Composition of net current assets	2016 (30 June 2016 Carried Forward) \$	2016 (1 July 2015 Brought Forward) \$	2015 (30 June 2015 Carried Forward) \$
Surplus/(Deficit) 1 July 15 brought forward	311,179	1,216,836	1,216,836
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents			
Unrestricted	133,879	959,344	959,344
Restricted	1,371,893	2,027,682	2,027,682
Receivables			
Rates outstanding	126,419	112,799	112,799
Sundry debtors	67,456	121,859	121,859
GST receivable	58,104	0	0
Loans receivable - clubs/institutions	4,010	3,866	3,866
Less: Provision for Doubtful Debts	(67,821)	(48,690)	(48,690)
Accrued Income	4,149	4,629	4,629
Prepayments	0	9,644	9,644
Inventories			
Fuel and materials	24,086	48,194	48,194
LESS: CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables			
Sundry Creditors	(119,458)	(149,047)	(149,047)
GST Payable	0	(2,171)	(2,171)
PAYG Payable	(17,771)	(13,414)	(13,414)
FBT Liability	(10,523)	(8,996)	(8,996)
Accrued Interest on Loans	(3,946)	(4,920)	(4,920)
Accrued Salaries and Wages	(42,940)	(35,080)	(35,080)
Current portion of long term borrowings			
Secured by floating charge	(96,013)	(111,470)	(111,470)
Provisions			
Provision for annual leave	(66,667)	(51,633)	(51,633)
Provision for long service leave	(81,443)	(94,497)	(94,497)
Unadjusted net current assets	1,283,414	2,768,099	2,768,099
<u>Adjustments</u>			
Less: Reserves - restricted cash	(1,092,747)	(1,686,582)	(1,686,582)
Less: Loans receivable - clubs/institutions	(4,010)	(3,866)	(3,866)
Add: Current portion of long term borrowings			
Secured by floating charge	96,013	111,470	111,470
Add: Component of Leave Liability not required			
to be funded	28,509	27,715	27,715
Adjusted net current assets - surplus/(deficit)	311,179	1,216,836	1,216,836
. , ,			

Difference

There was no difference between the surplus/(deficit) 1 July 2015 brought forward position used in the 2016 audited financial report and the surplus/(deficit) carried forward position as disclosed in the 2015 audited financial report.

24. SPECIFIED AREA RATE - 2015/16 FINANCIAL YEAR

No specified area rates were levied in the 2015/16 financial year.

25. SERVICE CHARGES - 2015/16 FINANCIAL YEAR

The Shire did not impose any service charges.

26. DISCOUNTS, INCENTIVES, CONCESSIONS, & WRITE-OFFS

- 2015/16 FINANCIAL YEAR

Rates Discounts

Rate or Fee Discount Granted	Discount % or \$	Actual \$	Budget \$	Circumstances in which Discount is Granted
General Rates	5.00%	37,705	35,000	A discount on rates is granted to all who pay their rates in full within 35 days of the date of service appearing on the rate notice
Rate Assessment	Write-Off	835	5,000	
	- -	38,540	40,000	- -

27. INTEREST CHARGES AND INSTALMENTS - 2015/16 FINANCIAL YEAR

	Date Due	Instalment Plan Admin Charge	Instalment Plan Interest Rate	Unpaid Rates Interest Rate
Instalment Options		\$	%	%
Option One				
Single full payment with discount	18-Sep-15			11.00%
Option Two				
Single full payment with no discount	02-Oct-15			11.00%
Option Three				
First Instalment	02-Oct-15			11.00%
Second Instalment	02-Dec-15	5	5.50%	11.00%
Third Instalment	02-Feb-16	5	5.50%	11.00%
Fourth Instalment	02-Apr-16	5	5.50%	11.00%
				Budgeted
			Revenue	Revenue
			\$	\$
Interest on unpaid rates			8,974	4,000
Interest on instalment plan			1,267	1,300
Interest on Unpaid ESL			500	200
Charges on instalment plan			1,020	1,000
			11,761	6,500

5
7,491
830
3,392
3,908
6,398
8,922
8,722
9,774
4,876
4,313
3, 3, 6, 8, 9,

There were two changes during the year to the schedule fees or charges detailed in the original budget. Promotional material in the form of coffee cups and stubby holders were added to the Shire's schedule of fees and charges.

29. GRANT REVENUE

Grants, subsidies and contributions are included as operating revenues in the Statement of Comprehensive Income:

Do National on Towns	2016	2015
By Nature or Type:	\$	\$
Operating grants, subsidies and contributions	_	
Governance	0	15,000
General purpose funding	494,008	1,527,691
Law, order, public safety	4,000	13,091
Housing	0	4,160
Recreation and culture	2,000	0
Transport	332,991	775,473
Economic services	440,480	491,128
	1,273,479	2,826,543
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions		
Education and welfare	0	44,374
Housing	0	735,260
Recreation and culture	46,051	146,260
Transport	922,762	941,159
Economic services	104	40,920
	968,917	1,907,973
	2,242,396	4,734,516
. EMPLOYEE NUMBERS		
The number of full-time equivalent	17	16
employees at balance date	17	16

	2016				
31. ELECTED MEMBERS REMUNERATION	2016	Budget	2015		
	\$	\$	\$		
The following fees, expenses and allowances were					
paid to council members and/or the president.					
Meeting Fees	34,485	33,155	30,360		
President's allowance	12,350	12,350	12,350		
Deputy President's allowance	8,300	3,088	8,200		
Additional Duties Allowance	0	5,212	0		
Travelling expenses	4,543	4,500	4,067		
IT Allowance	4,125	3,850	0		
Telecommunications allowance	11,625	10,850	10,850		
	75,428	73,005	65,827		

32. MAJOR LAND TRANSACTIONS

The Shire did not participate in any major land transactions during the 2015/16 financial year.

33. TRADING UNDERTAKINGS AND MAJOR TRADING UNDERTAKINGS

Council did not participate in any trading undertakings or major trading undertakings during the 2015/16 financial year.

34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Shire's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Shire's overall risk management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Shire.

The Shire does not engage in transactions expressed in foreign currencies and is therefore not subject to foreign currency risk.

Financial risk management is carried out by the finance area under policies approved by the Council.

The Shire held the following financial instruments at balance date:

	Carrying	Value	Fair Value		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	1,505,772	2,987,026	1,505,772	2,987,026	
Receivables	268,915	283,813	268,915	283,813	
	1,774,687	3,270,839	1,774,687	3,270,839	
Financial liabilities					
Payables	194,638	213,628	194,638	213,628	
Borrowings	726,915	418,385	763,571	435,387	
	921,553	632,013	958,209	649,015	

Fair value is determined as follows:

- Cash and cash equivalents, receivables, payables estimated to the carrying value which approximates net market value.
- Borrowings, held to maturity investments, estimated future cash flows discounted by the current market interest rates applicable to assets and liabilities with similar risk profiles.

34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Shire's objective is to maximise its return on cash and investments whilst maintaining an adequate level of liquidity and preserving capital. The finance area manages the cash and investments portfolio with the assistance of independent advisers (where applicable). Council has an investment policy and the policy is subject to review by Council. An Investment Report is provided to Council on a monthly basis setting out the make-up and performance of the portfolio.

The major risk associated with investments is price risk - the risk that the capital value of investments may fluctuate due to changes in market prices, whether these changes are caused by factors specific to individual financial instruments of their issuers or factors affecting similar instruments traded in a market.

Cash and investments are also subject to interest rate risk - the risk that movements in interest rates could affect returns.

Another risk associated with cash is credit risk – the risk that a contracting entity will not complete its obligations under a financial instrument resulting in a financial loss to the Shire.

The Shire manages these risks by diversifying its portfolio and only investing ininvestments authorised by *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 19C*. Council also seeks advice from independent advisers (where considered necessary) before placing any cash and investments.

	2016 \$	2015 \$
Impact of a 1% (1) movement in interest rates on cash		
- Equity - Statement of Comprehensive Income	23,741 23,741	23,150 23,150

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Sensitivity percentages based on management's expectation of future possible market movements.

34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Receivables

The Shire's major receivables comprise rates and annual charges and user charges and fees. The major risk associated with these receivables is credit risk – the risk that the debts may not be repaid. The Shire manages this risk by monitoring outstanding debt and employing debt recovery policies. It also encourages ratepayers to pay rates by the due date through incentives.

Credit risk on rates and annual charges is minimised by the ability of the Shire to recover these debts as a secured charge over the land – that is, the land can be sold to recover the debt. The Shire is also able to charge interest on overdue rates and annual charges at higher than market rates, which further encourages payment.

The level of outstanding receivables is reported to Council monthly and benchmarks are set and monitored for acceptable collection performance.

The Shire makes suitable provision for doubtful receivables as required and carries out credit checks on most non-rate debtors.

There are no material receivables that have been subject to a re-negotiation of repayment terms.

The profile of the Shire's credit risk at balance date was:

	2016	2015
Percentage of rates and annual charges		
- Current - Overdue	0% 100%	0% 100%
Percentage of other receivables		
- Current - Overdue	60% 40%	83% 17%

34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(c) Payables

Borrowings

Payables and borrowings are both subject to liquidity risk – that is the risk that insufficient funds may be on hand to meet payment obligations as and when they fall due. The Shire manages this risk by monitoring its cash flow requirements and liquidity levels and maintaining an adequate cash buffer. Payment terms can be extended and overdraft facilities drawn upon if required.

The contractual undiscounted cash flows of the Shire's Payables and Borrowings are set out in the Liquidity Sensitivity Table below:

<u>2016</u>	Due within 1 year \$	Due between 1 & 5 years \$	Due after 5 years \$	Total contractual cash flows \$	Carrying values \$
Payables Borrowings	194,638 121,606 316,244	0 292,342 292,342	0 495,977 495,977	194,638 909,925 1,104,563	194,638 726,915 921,553
<u>2015</u>					
Payables Borrowings	213,628 129,172 342,800	0 225,590 225,590	0 121,403 121,403	213,628 476,165 689,793	213,628 418,385 632,013

34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(c) Payables

Borrowings (continued)

Borrowings are also subject to interest rate risk - the risk that movements in interest rates could adversely affect funding costs. The Shire manages this risk by borrowing long term and fixing the interest rate to the situation considered the most advantageous at the time of negotiation.

The following tables set out th	t the carrying amount, by maturity, of the financial instruments exposed to interest rate risk:					Weighted Average Effective		
	<1 year \$	>1<2 years \$	>2<3 years \$	>3<4 years \$	>4<5 years \$	>5 years \$	Total \$	Interest Rate %
Year ended 30 June 2016	·	·	·	·	·	·	·	
Borrowings								
Fixed rate Debentures	0	49,812	67,181	0	0	609,922	726,915	3.63%
Weighted average Effective interest rate		5.78%	5.75%			3.22%		
Year ended 30 June 2015								
Borrowings								
Fixed rate Debentures Weighted average	38,035	0	80,732	91,499	0	208,119	418,385	4.50%
Effective interest rate	5.95%		5.78%	5.75%		3.20%		

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE ELECTORS OF THE SHIRE OF TRAYNING

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial report of the Shire of Trayning, which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2016, statement of comprehensive income by nature or type, statement of comprehensive income by program, statement of changes in equity, statement of cash flows and the rate setting statement for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and the statement by Chief Executive Officer.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Report

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, the Local Government Act 1995 (as amended) and the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 (as amended) and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Shire's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Shire's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by Council, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial report of the Shire of Trayning is in accordance with the Local Government Act 1995 (as amended) and the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 (as amended), including:

- a) giving a true and fair view of the Shire's financial position as at 30 June 2016 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended on that date; and
- b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including Australian Accounting Interpretations).

MOORE STEPHENS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE ELECTORS OF THE SHIRE OF TRAYNING (CONTINUED)

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

During the course of the audit we became aware of the following instance where the Shire did not comply with the Local Government Act (as amended) 1995:

Budgeted General Rates

Ministerial approval was not received for the amount of general rates in the budget being more than 110% of the budget deficiency in accordance with s6.34 of the Local Government Act.

Fees and Charges

Local public notice was not given in relation to a new short term rental charge for lot 111 Coronation Street of \$500 per week in accordance with s6.19 of the Local Government Act.

In accordance with the Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996, we also report that:

- a) There are no matters that in our opinion indicate significant adverse trends in the financial position or financial management practices of the Shire.
- b) Except as detailed above, no other matters indicating non-compliance with Part 6 of the Local Government Act 1995 (as amended), the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 (as amended) or applicable financial controls of any other written law were noted during the course of our audit.
- c) In relation to the Supplementary Ratio Information presented at page 56 of this report, we have reviewed the calculations as presented and nothing has come to our attention to suggest they are not:
 - i) reasonably calculated; and
 - ii) based on verifiable information.
- d) All necessary information and explanations were obtained by us.
- e) All audit procedures were satisfactorily completed in conducting our audit.

MOORE STEPHENS
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

GREG GODWIN PARTNER

Date: 25 November 2016

Perth, WA

SHIRE OF TRAYNING SUPPLEMENTARY RATIO INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

RATIO INFORMATION

The following information relates to those ratios which only require attestation they have been checked and are supported by verifiable information. It does not form part of the audited financial report

	2016	2015	2014			
	0.04	0.00	0.40			
Asset consumption ratio Asset renewal funding ratio	0.64 0.95	0.63 0.94	0.49 0.89			
, loost followal failably fails	0.00	0.0 1	0.00			
The above ratios are calculated as follows:						
Asset consumption ratio	depreciated	depreciated replacement costs of assets				
	current replacement cost of depreciable assets					
Asset renewal funding ratio	NPV of planni	NPV of planning capital renewal over 10 years NPV of required capital expenditure over 10 years				
	NPV of required					